All the News
For Twelve Cents
Per Week.
Try
THE MORNING STAR,

Entered at the Postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., as Second-class Mail Matter.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

After the Opening

The sale of Fine DRESS GOODS continues. All the tremendous bargains of last week repeated and entirely new line of Beautiful Dress Goods added at reductions that can only be realized by personal inspection.

Early Spring Novelties arriving every day.

We have selected some of the most desirable articles and materials in the various departments and will offer them this week at the following extraordinarily low prices.

We Are the Acknowledged Leaders. Come and See.

Specials for this Week.

COTTON FABRICS.

Satin and China Calicoes at	7c yd.
Windsor Blk Sateen, figured	12c yd.
Matsumai Batiste Plisse	20c yd.
Ravenelle,	7c yd.
Floulards,	7c yd.
Drap de Vienne,	15c yd.

Shurred effects in all colors, 10c, 15c, 25c yard.
Fresh arrivals 36-inch Percales 12½c.
New line Prints in light colors 5c yd.
Irish Dimities, 12½c yd.
Beautiful line French Organdies 35c.
Plain and Fancy Dimities.
Galetea in variety of colors, 12½c yd.

JETS.

A new and desirable line of Jets have just arrived. Points in exquisite designs 3 to 13 inches long.

WOOL. SILK. COTTON.

Crepons. Crepons. Crepons.

The prettiest line of Lace Collars ever shown in the city.

Colored Dress Goods.

85c all wool Henriettas,	65c yd.
50c all wool Henriettas,	37½c yd.
80c all wool Serge,	60c yd.
60c all wool Serge,	40c yd
75c all wool Whipcord,	50c yd.
75c Light Henriettas,	50c yd.
60c Light Henriettas,	40c yd.
75c Silk and wool Suitings,	50c yd.
60c 44 inch Fancy Suitings,	45c yd.

Black Dress Goods.

85c all wool Henriettas,	65c yd.
$1 all wool Henriettas,	75c yd.
$1.40 all wool Henriettas,	$1 a yd.
50c all wool Serge,	40c yd.
75c all wool French Serge,	50c yd.
$1.25 all wool French Serge,	85c yd.
$1 50 all wool Royalene,	$1.25 yd.
85c all wool Granites,	65c yd.

Sole Agents for Smith & Angell's Fast Black Hosiery.

Shirt Waist And Chemisettes.

Eost elegant line of new and novel

Silks,

The most complete line NOTIONS in the city. A beautiful line of Gentlemen's Neckwear, at 25 and 50 cents.

They are new—just arrived.

Guaranteed as Advertised.

A. D. BROWN,

Successor to BROWN & RODDICK
No. 9 NORTH FRONT ST.
mar 31 tf

MERCER & GAYLORD,
—AT THE—
H. C. EVANS'
OLD STAND,

Are still persuading the generous public to buy

Shoes,	Shoes,	Shoes,	Shoes,
Shoes,	Shoes,	Shoes,	Shoes,
Shoes,	Shoes,	Shoes,	Shoes,
Shoes,	Shoes,	Shoes,	Shoes,

SHOES.

This means we want to sell
SHOES, GOOD CHEAP SHOES
to everybody.
See our prices before you buy.
Respectfully,
Mercer & Gaylord,
115 Princess Street.
Successor to H. C. Evans. mar 20 tf

Notice to Truckers.

THERE is no need in your sending away from home to buy the packages to put your varied kinds of Truck in. We are making up everything the way of a

Truck Package

At as low a price as they can be bought anywhere. Come up and see our

Potato Barrel.

Over 500,000 were sold last season to the farmers of Virginia. Special inducements made to parties who will use our SPIRIT CASKS.
Telephone No. 37. R. M. NIMOCKS,
march 23 1m Wilmington N. C.

THE MORNING STAR.

VOL. LVI.—NO. 9. WILMINGTON, N. C., TUESDAY, APRIL 2, 1895. WHOLE NO. 8,705

If You Want
ALL THE NEWS
IN GOOD SHAPE,
Read
THE MORNING STAR.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

KATZ & POLVOGT,

CASH HOUSE,
116 Market Street.

Every style—every value—every item advertised here has hundreds—of duplicates throughout our entire establishment.

EXTRAORDINARY BARGAINS!

Wash Fabrics,

15c. Fancy Fig. Striped Dimities, 10c.
18c. " " " 13½c.
15c. Col'd Striped Indian Linen, 10c.
18c. 32-inch Col'd Jaconets, 12½c.
25c. Figured Dimities, 15c.
18c. Figured Piques, 12½c.
18c. Figured Ducks, 12½c.
18c. 36-inch English Percales, 12½c.
3,000 Yards of Gingham in new styles, worth 12½c. to 15c., for 8c. per yard.
20c. Dark Ground Satines, Silk styles, special this week, 10c.

WHITE GOODS.

8c Checked Nainsook	5c yd.
7c Checked Nainsook	4c yd.
8c Checked Nainsook	6c yd.
12½c Checked Nainsook	8c yd.

15c Checked and Striped Dimities, 10c yd.
18c Checked and Striped Dimities, 12½c yd.
30c Checked and Striped Dimities, 20c yd.
50c Fr. Nainsook, 46 inches wide, for 39c yd.
4 lines Remnants of India Linen.
Lot 1, 2 to 12 yd. lengths, 12½c quality, for 39c yd.
Lot 2, 2 to 12 yd. lengths, 15c quality, for 10c yd.
Lot 3, 2 to 12 yd. lengths, 18c quality, for 12½c yd.
Lot 4, 2 to 12 yd. lengths, 20c quality, for 15c yd.

LINEN DEPARTMENT.

The most complete line ever shown in Wilmington.
Table Cloth and Napkin Sets.
A 3 yard cloth, with 1 dozen Napkins to match, for $2.98, worth $4.00.
1 Open Work Table Cloth, with 1 dozen Napkins to match, worth $5.00, for $2.98.

DAMASKS.

65c Bleached Damask	49c yd.
75c Bleached Damask	59c yd.
$1.00 Bleached Damask	75c yd.
$1.25 Bleached Damask	98c yd.

Napkins to match this line.

TOWELS.

35c extra size Towels, Huckaback, 25c this week only.
35c Damask Towels, extra size, only 25c.
75c large knitted fringe Towels, only 59c.
$1.25 open work border, knotted fringe Towels this week only 89c.
Drawn stitch linen Towels only 18c.
18c linen Towels, only 10c.

GREAT VALUES IN SPREADS.

$1.25 heavy Crib Spread for 89c.
$1.39 heavy Crib Spread for 98c.
$1.75 heavy Crib Spread for $1.25.
$3.50 heavy Marseilles Spreads, only $2.48.
$4.00 heavy Marseilles Spreads, only $2.98.
$5.00 heavy Marseilles Spreads only $3.48.
300 new pieces of Laces, including points, etc.
50c special lines only 25c yd.
98c special lines only 50c yd.
The superb line of embroideries ever displayed, including new effects in Irish Jesuits, etc.
50 pieces of embroidery worth 30 to 50c, for only 25c per yd.

Lace Curtains.

$1.50 Ecru Lace Curtains only 98c pair.
$3.50 Fine White Nottingham Curtains for only $2.48 pair.

Katz & Polvogt,
116 Market Street,
WILMINGTON, N. C.

☞To insure prompt attention of mail orders send postoffice order.

EVERY LADY
Should own a
Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine.

The New Improved
No. 9
WHEELER & WILSON
Sewing Machine
Is the Best on Earth.

Katz & Polvogt,
116 Market Street.
mch 24 tf

A Few
Small Packages
MOUNTAIN BUTTER.

A choice lot COUNTRY HAMS.

Call for above to-day.

HALL & PEARSALL,
Wholesale Grocers and Commission Merchants,
mch 30 tf DAW Nast and Math. Ry sts

OUTLINES.

Sensational information received in Washington in regard to the revolution in Cuba; an official exhibition of American interest in the Nicaragua Canal to be made; the office of a steamboat company robbed by burglars of $800 and valuable papers; the Southern Railway Company vs. the Seaboard Air Line; Gov. McKinley leaves Washington for Columbus, Ohio. —— Southern Railway earnings for February. —— Gen. Maceo is reported to have landed a large force of men in Cuba, with rifles, ammunition and army stores. ——The conditions of peace demanded by Japan. —— J. A. Henderson, of Rocky Mount, N. C., commits suicide by taking laudanum. —— The election in Ohio is conceded to be a Republican victory. —— More war talk—negotiations between Guatemala and Mexico suspended. —— Base ball games played yesterday. —— Cotton spots and futures. —— New York markets: Money on call has been easy at 1@3 per cent., last loan at 3 per cent., closing offered at 3 per cent; cotton dull; middling gulf 6 11-16 cents; middling uplands 6⅝ cents; Southern flour quiet and firm; common to fair extra $1.90@2.75; good to choice do. $2.85@3.85; wheat dull at ½@¾c decline, closing firm; No. 2 red in store and at elevator 60¼ cents; afloat 61¾ cents; corn dull and firm; No. 2 at elevator 36 cents; afloat 37¼ cents; spirits turpentine dull and weak at 33½@34 cents; rosin quiet and steady; strained common to good $1.57½@1.60.

In Zanesville, Ohio, they can "hello" over the telephone wires at each other as much as they please for $6 a year.

The next meeting of the South and West Grain and Trade Congress will be held in Mobile, Ala., April 4th, 5th and 6th.

It is said that the late Mr. Worth, of Paris, died in a fit. He spent most of his life and achieved his distinction in giving women fits.

Rev. Allen Thompson of Bordentown, N. J., is 99 years old, but is still able-bodied enough to go into the pulpit occasionally and expound the gospel.

The constituency of that congressman who sold his allowance of seeds for $75 may not feel proud of his achievements, but they can't refuse to admit that he is thrifty.

Germany produces nearly 5,000,000 tons of beet sugar a year, which beats Cuba about four to one. With the increase of beet sugar, it is only a question of time when the Louisiana cane grower will have to go out of business.

Through bad management, extravagance or something else Louisa de la Ramee, "Ouida," has been brought to bankruptcy. Not long ago her home place, at Florence, Italy, where she has lived for years, was sold for debt.

It is said in Washington that Spain will do the proper thing in the case of the Allianca. Of course. With the festivities going on in Cuba Spain can't afford to do anything else. The too previous captain who did the shooting has been "relieved."

Thirteen young men were arrested Sunday night in New York in a raid on a billiard room. Unlucky thirteen. Hereafter these young men when they slide in the side door will see that there is an even dozen or a surplus one to break the spell of that hoodooed thirteen.

An English doctor imparts the cheering information that in time at least nine-tenths of the English people will be entertained by the gout in some form. There are few people who by disposition are more congenially adapted to the gout than the Britons.

We have seen mention made several times of the sale of wives by Indiana men but we have never seen an announcement of the sale of an Indiana husband by his wife. It may be inferred from this that there isn't the market demand for husbands in that state that there is for wives.

The Pennsylvania solon who wants to modify the law which prohibits the sale of liquor on election days, so as to permit it to be sold before 7 a. m. and after 7 p. m., probably wants to give the boys a chance to load up before voting begins and to celebrate after it is over.

In a law case in Indianapolis, in which John S. Wise, formerly of Virginia, and Russell Harrison, son of the ex-President, were employed on opposite sides, the latter pronounced something the former said "false." When Court was over and they got outside, Russell hurried back into Court and demanded the protection of the Court, very much to the surprise of the ex-Virginian, who says he only demanded an apology. Russell is a protectionist, and seems to carry it to an extreme.

You can save money by buying the 'Oriole" brand roasted coffee. †

Don't miss the grand Spring opening at Taylor's Bazaar April 4th and 5th. †

Don't miss the grand Spring opening at Taylor's Bazaar April 4th and 5th. †

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

OPERA HOUSE—Wang.
GEO. HARRISS, SON & CO.—Notice.
A. SHRIER—Boots and shoes at cost—fourth page.

NEW BUSINESS LOCALS.

WANTED—Salesman.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

Pertinent Paragraphs Pertaining Principally to People and Pointedly Printed.

— For other locals see fourth page'

— Mrs. P. L. Farguson, of Southport, was in the city yesterday.

— Mr. Wm. A. French left yesterday morning for Boston, Mass.

— Miss Sophie Spirling, of New York, is visiting Mrs. Jno. Taylor, of this city.

— Mrs. Jno. Taylor and Miss Lillie Taylor, of Taylor's Bazaar, have returned from Northern markets.

— Mr. B. L. Susman, connected with the National Furniture Company which assigned recently, has gone to Newbern to enter into business there.

— Mrs. J. J. Clemmons and children left Sunday for New York to join her husband, who is in business there.

— Messrs. C. C. Morse, Southport; H. Bowden, Warsaw; E. L. Pearce, Scott's Hill; J. S. Hartsell, Goldsboro; T. W. Allen, Florence; A. McQueen, Rowland; Jno. G. Shaw, Fayetteville; H. Butters, Hub; A. J. Galloway, Goldsboro, were among the arrivals in the city yesterday.

— Col. K. M. Murchison and wife, Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Guathmey and Misses Jessie and Marie Murchison came up from Orton plantation Saturday, and will leave to-day for New York. The party spent a delightful time at Orton. One day last week in an hour on the lake, ten large black bass were caught; one weighing eight-pounds by Miss Jessie and a seven-pounder by Col. Murchison.

LOCAL DOTS.

Items of Interest Gathered Here and There and Briefly Noted.

— Local forecast: Light rains; warmer; southerly winds.

— Capt. Taft's steam-tug *C. F. D.* sunk at her moorings, foot of Nun street, Saturday night.

— The Board of Managers of the Produce Exchange will hold their regular meeting at noon to-day.

— The schooner *Roger Moore* cleared yesterday for Aguadilla, P. R., with 299,071 feet lumber, valued at $3,891, shipped by E. Kidder's Son.

— The box-sheet for the comic opera "Wang" which appears at the Opera House next Friday evening, will be open to-morrow morning.

— Mr. J. W. Murchison's hardware store, on North Front street, was entered and robbed Saturday night. Several pistols were taken from a show-case.

—The books of the harbor master, Capt. Jos. Price, show the arrival last month of seven steamers, eight barques, one brig and five schooners, aggregating 11,316 tons.

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS.

Regular Monthly Meeting—Tax-Listers and Assessors Appointed—Other Matters of Interest.

The Board of Commissioners of New Hanover county held their regular meeting yesterday. Mr. H. A. Bagg, chairman, presiding.

County Treasurer S. VanAmringe submitted report showing balance on hand, April 1st, $25,643.08.

Register of Deeds Haar submitted report, showing 18 marriage licenses issued during the month of March and $12.85 fees for the same collected and turned over to the treasurer.

License to retail liquor was granted W. H. Stokeley, Wrightsville Sound, and J. C. Bowden, 302 South Front street.

The Clerk of the Superior Court, Col. John D. Taylor, reported as paid to the sheriff the sum of $6.00, jury tax.

The superintendent of the Board of Managers of the City Hospital, Col. Roger Moore, submitted the annual report, which was received and ordered to be filed.

Mr. P. B. Manning, attorney, appeared before the Board and asked to be relieved of paying the costs in the case of a sale of property by the sheriff to the county, the said property belonging to the estate of W. H. James, deceased. On motion, Mr. Manning was allowed to pay the taxes without costs.

Register of Deeds Jno. Haar stated that he was ready to compute the tax books, as required by law, and on motion he was ordered to make the computation according to section 3658 of the Code; and that the compensation for such work be the same as last year, $500.

A resolution was adopted that the compensation of tax listers shall be $3.00 per day for actual service; provided that the total amount paid shall not exceed $50 each for Harnett and Cape Fear, $45 for Masonboro, and $35 for Federal Point township.

The Board fixed the compensation of the assessors at $3.00 per day for the actual time engaged in said work.

The Board appointed as tax listers and assessors for the various townships:

Cape Fear Township—Jas. Cowan, tax lister; J. T. Kerr and R. W. Bordeaux, assessors.

Harnett Township—Jas. N. Macumber, tax lister; E. W. Manning and Gerrett Walker, assessors.

Masonboro Township—D. J. Fergus, tax lister; D. N. Trask and H. L. Horne, assessors.

Wilmington Township—M. Crouly, tax lister; M. S. Willard and Duncan McEachern, assessors. The compensation was fixed at $4.00 per day for assessors, and tax listers $3.00.

Everybody that has tried the "Oriole" brand roasted coffee pronounce it the best for the money. †

BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

Regular Meeting—Two of the Committees Named—Numerous Petitions for Improvement of Streets—Contracts Awarded—Report of the City Clerk and Treasurer Submitted and Ordered to be Published.

The board of Aldermen met last night in regular session. Present, Mayor Fishblate, Aldermen Gore, VonGlahn, Harriss, Northrop, Cameron, Walker and Nixon.

The Mayor stated that he had so far only named two of his committees, as follows:

Streets and Wharves committee—Aldermen Harriss Northrop and Walker.

Public Building Committee—Aldermen Northrop, Harriss and Cameron.

A petition was read from D. G. Worth, Jas. Sprunt, F. W. Kerchner, P. R. Fowler and others concerning the condition of Front street between Nun and Church, and asking that it be shelled. Alderman Northrop favored the petition, as the street was in a bad condition. It was referred to the Streets and Wharves Committee, with power to act.

Alderman VonGlahn called attention to the condition of Third street between Princess and the railroad; Alderman Nixon, to the condition of Fourth street over the railroad; Alderman Walker, to Harnett street between Third and Fourth. All were referred to the Streets and Wharves Committee, with power to act.

Aldermen Gore called attention to streets in the Fifth Ward.

Upon motion of Alderman Northrop, Alderman Harriss was unanimously re-elected Mayor *pro tem.*, and he accepted with a speech of thanks.

Petition of the Compton Hose Reel Company was read, asking for a reel, horse and hose. It was referred to the Fire Committee.

A petition was read from Messrs. Jno. W. Galloway, Mike Carroll, M. Rathjen and others, asking the Board to assist the Compton Hose Reel Company as much as possible to a speedy equipment.

Alderman Walker, VonGlahn and the Mayor favored it.

A communication from the Board of Audit and Finance asking how to settle with the Clerk and Treasurer on account of money lost in the two bank failures, was referred to the Finance Committee.

A communication from the Board of Hospital Managers, signed by Roger Moore, chairman, which showed everything in good condition, was read and ordered filed.

The report of the Superintendent of Health was read and ordered to be filed.

Upon motion of Alderman Northrop, Sergeant R. M. Capps was unanimously recommended for Captain of Police.

Upon motion of Alderman Walker two men were added to the force, making a total of thirty policemen.

Alderman VonGlahn said Cape Fear engine house was in bad condition and he hoped this year their old place could be sold and a new house built.

The following bids were received:

For furnishing lumber, Fore & Foster, merchantable, at $9.45 per thousand feet; heart plank, $11.94 per thousand feet. Accepted.

Wilmington Gas Light Company—Alley lights (gas) at $3.50 apiece a month; street, $2.00 apiece per month; seventy-three arc electric lights at $9.00 apiece a month. Accepted.

Three bids were received for feeding and shoeing city mules and horses. H. L. Fennell, $19.50 per month; Mrs. C. B. Southerland, $10,65; E. G. Jones & Co., $10,65. Awarded to Jones & Co.

Contract for feeding city prisoners was awarded to Mrs. Jane Sheehan at 7½ cents a meal.

E. Blackman's bid to light street lamps for $1,100 a year was referred to the Police Commission.

City printing was awarded to Samuel G. Hall.

M. Cronly's offer to list city taxes for $300 was referred to the Finance Committee.

Petition from draymen to open Princess street dock and reduce tax on drays to 25 cents, was granted.

The Mayor stated that the Board of Aldermen and the Police Board would meet in join session to-night at eight o'clock.

Clerk Fennell read his report for the past two years. Alderman Harriss said to open the eyes of some of the kickers and show them what the past administration had done that it be published. Alderman VonGlahn said that it should be advertised. The Mayor said that he thought it should be published for the information of the twenty per cent. of the voters who went to the primaries the other night, Carried.

THE WEATHER.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE,
WEATHER BUREAU,
WILMINGTON, N. C., April 2.

Meteorological data for yesterday:

Temperature: 8 a. m., 56°; 8 p. m., 69°; maximum, 69°; minimum, 52°; mean, 66°.

Rainfall for the day 01; rainfall for the month up to date 0.01 inches.

FORECASTS FOR TO-DAY.

For North Carolina and South Carolina, showers; cooler Tuesday evening; winds shifting to northwest.

Cotton Receipts.

Receipts of cotton here yesterday 408 bales; same day last year 51. Receipts for the month of March, 10,831 bales; same month last year 4,040. Receipts for the crop year to April 1st, 283,886 bales; to same date last season, 186,730 bales; increase this year so far 46,156 bales.

Stock at Wilmington April 1, 1895, 16,978 bales, at same date last year 18,772.

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AT THE STATE CAPITAL

NEW ENGLAND MANUFACTURERS OF COTTON GOODS

Will Visit Some of the Prominent Towns in the State—S. A. L. Foundry Closed—The Supreme Court—Otho Wilson Sworn in as Railroad Commissioner—Death of Montford McGehee.

[*Special Star Correspondence.*]

RALEIGH, April 1 1895.

A committee of prominent New England manufacturers left Portsmouth, Va., this morning on a special train provided by the Seaboard Air Line. The committee is composed of some of the most prominent manufacturers of cotton goods in the United States, among whom is Mr. T. Jefferson Coolidge, a late minister to France. The committee is under the direction of Mr. D. A. Tompkins, of Charlotte, and will visit prominent manufacturing towns along the Seaboard route. The party is composed of many wealthy capitalists and they are simply visiting the South on a tour of inspection to gain knowledge and information about our resources. The committee is expected here tomorrow evening. Vice President St. John, of the Seaboard, has sent special telegrams to railroad officials, where the committee will make stops, advising them of the intended visit. The telegram says: "The committee will visit all mills and water powers *en route*. If your people desire to show them any special attention I should be advised of it immediately. Notify owners of water powers and mills, together with your leading citizens of this intended visit. We regard it as having special significance."

Suitable arrangements will be made by leading citizens for their entertainment while here.

The first day of registration for the coming municipal election, which was held Saturday, is considered very light.

Register of Deeds, J. J. Rogers, was appointed a Trustee of the Deaf and Dumb Institution by an act of the last General Assembly. There is a provision in the Statues against a person holding two offices at one time. There are Democrats guilty of the same offense. The *Progressive Farmer* and *Caucasian* will say something on the subject in their next issue.

The Seaboard Air Line has closed its foundry here, and converted the room into a boiler shop. Fifteen men lose their positions thereby. The office of Master Machinist has been abolished, which position has been held by Sherman Shaw, Esq. Mr. David M. King, who for twenty years has been a faithful engineer, has been promoted to the position of Travelling Engineer for the system.

Auditor Furman has received numerous letters and telegrams from persons desiring to know whether there has been any change in the law for listing and assessing real and personal property. There has been no change. Assessors and listers will be appointed by the County Commissioners for Wake county to-morrow.

The Supreme Court takes up appeals from the Ninth district this week.

Otho Wilson took the oath of office as Railroad Commissioner under Judge Walter Clark this morning at 10 o'clock and immediately assumed the duties of the office. Capt. T. W. Mason, the retiring commissioner has, gone to his home in North Hampton County. He would have remained in the city to-day, but he had an important case in court. This is Otho's third visit to the city since the adjournment of the Legislature.

Mr. Montford McGehee who has been one of the most prominent men in the State, died at his residence last night. Mr. McGehee was Commissioner of Agriculture before Mr. John Robeson, and has represented Person county in the General Assembly a number of times. He married a daughter of Hon. George E. Badger.

The decision in the case of George Mills, who brutally murdered his nephew near this city, will come to the Governor to-day from the Supreme Court. Mills appealed from the Superior Court and the Supreme Court affirmed the lower Court's decision. Gov. Carr will probably set the day of execution to-morrow.

Wang.

"Wang," more superb than ever before in its spectacular effects and magnificent costumes comes to the Opera House on next Friday night the 5th inst.

"Wang" when presented here last season simply captivated its audience and the Wilmington people thought it then to have reached its zeneith. But this famous Comic Opera has been touring other parts of the country with a success that has astounded even the managers and author of the opera, and is presented this season on a spectacular scale never attempted in previous seasons by the management. Fully $15,000 has been spent upon scenery which actually represents the City of Bangkok, and the palace of the King of Siam.

The costumes are of unusual beauty, even for a spectacular opera, and have been created from drawings especially made from those worn by the Siamese royal family and Court, the women of the harem and the common people of *Burmah, Siam, Cambodia* and *Cochen-China*. Miss Virginia Earle, the captivating beauty, who played the part of *Mataya*, the crown prince of *Siam*, when the company were seen here last season is still with the company, and will appear just as charming as ever in the same role.

Criminal Circuit Court.

A special dispatch to the STAR last night from Raleigh, says: Chas. A. Cook took the oath as Judge of the new Criminal Circuit Court before Judge Montgomery, to-day, and will make a big fight against Judge Meares, who has been appointed and commissioned by the Governor.

Northern Mill Owners.

A number of mill owners from Northern cities left Portsmouth, Va., yesterday, a telegram to Mr. Thos. D. Meares, agent here for the Seaboard Air Line says, who are on a tour South searching for locations. They will visit every locality along that line where there is any water power or where a mill could be placed.

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THE NEW POLICE FORCE

Take the Oath of Office in the Presence of the Police Board and Board of Aldermen.

The Board of Aldermen and the Police Board met together yesterday at 12 o'clock for the purpose of swearing in the newly elected and old police officers that were retained. The City Court room, clerk's office, hallway and front porch were crowded with several hundred spectators.

Chief of Police-elect Melton was called and sworn in by magistrate and ex-Chief R. B. Clowe, who, in fact, swore in all of the newly appointed city employes. When Melton had taken the oath of office the ex-Chief handed him his badge and equipments and in an appropriate speech stated that he gave them to him with pleasure hoping he would fill the office in a manner that would elicit praise. He also said the responsibility is great and there will be found troubles of all kinds, but that his success depended partly on the conduct of his privates. Mr. Melton thanked him. Mr. Chadbourn then read names of persons for positions on the police force as follows:

Regulars—Robert M. Capps, Robert Green, H. H. Woebse, D. S. Bender, Louis Gordon, C. D. Gore, J. H. Hewett, R. H. Moore, J. L. Sallings, G. W. Smith, H. Teitgen, G. J. McClammy, R. L. Dixon, C. E. Wood, W. B. Savage, J. R. Davis, William Sheehan, Thomas Thayer, Thomas Lossen, James W. Smith, Andrew C. Neilson, C. O. Knox, John W. Holmes, R. G. Holmes, James Brinkley, H. R Kuhl, J. G. Carney, Charles L. Frost, R. F. Gore, E. O. Orrell, Henry Whitehead, Willis Richardson, Louis L. Sheridan, Louis Geyer.

Substitutes—C. E. Collins, B. R. King, L. A. Hewett, David Bryant, Andrew Haulsey, J. N. McDuffy.

After being sworn in, Mr. Chadbourn said that although they were appointed by the Police Board and could not be discharged by any other body, he insisted that they must respect the Mayor and Board of Aldermen. He said there were one or two rules they must obey. First, there shall be no drunkenness, and a policeman shall not go into a bar-room at any time unless called in in case of a disturbance, and that if any officer continually refuses to pay any honest debt he shall be dismissed.

Mayor Fishblate said that this was a new era in the police department of Wilmington, and he thought it would be a successful one. He complimented the Board on their good taste in selecting the officers they did, saying he was not acquainted with some of them, but they were all of fine physique, and he thought, on the whole, would reflect credit on the city. The Board had been very conservative, he said, inasmuch as they had appointed Democrats, Republicans and Populists, and he thought they should have the thanks of the community.

Mr. Chadbourn called the following other city employes who took the obligations:

John W. Galloway and J. H. Harper, clerks of markets; Andrew J. Allen, superintendent of lights; L. H. Byrant, superintendent streets; Samuel Howard, captain of trash carts; Thos. E. Scott, messenger; L. R. Mason, day janitor; John Fitzgerald, night janitor; M. D. Croom and Joseph E. Sampson health officers; William T. Spooner, cattle weigher.

Mr. W. J. Spooner resigned on account of the pay being too small.

The Mayor asked that those required to give bonds prepare them at once. The joint meeting then adjourned.

CONFEDERATE VETERANS.

Annual Meeting of Cape Fear Camp—Officers Elected, etc.

The annual meeting of Cape Fear Camp Confederate Veterans was held at the Court House last night. Commander W. L. DeRosset was in the chair, and Capt. Henry Savage secretary. The Commander said he regretted not being able to prepare a report of the action of the Camp and Council for the past year.

The following officers were unanimously elected for the ensuing year:

Commander—W. L. DeRosset.

First Vice Commander—W. S. Warrock.

Second Vice Commander—L. S. Belden.

Secretary—Henry Savage.

Treasurer—R. F. Hamme.

Members of Executive Council—G. W. Huggins, Chas. H. King, J. R. Marshall and P. Hiensberger.

The following were elected members: Messrs. A. M. Baldwin, J. A. Williams, Col. John W. Atkinson.

A committee consisting of Dr. J. E. Matthews, L. S. Belden and Col. Jno. D. Taylor were appointed to confer with Col. A. M. Waddell and other gentlemen to invite and ascertain when they would address the Camp.

Dr. Carmichael extended an invitation to the Camp to attend worship at St. John's Church at 5 p. m. Sunday, June 2nd. It was unanimously accepted, and the above committee was requested to try and secure Rev. George Patterson to preach the sermon on that occasion.

Mr. Carmichael paid a glowing tribute to the North Carolina private soldiers as well as the officers, and spoke most feelingly of the Hon. Geo. Davis and announced his sickness and moved that the following committee be appointed to express to him the sympathy of this Camp in his illness: Capt. E. L. Pearce, O. A. Wiggins, J. R. Marshall.

On motion of Mr. P. Heinsberger the Hon. Geo. Davis, Attorney-General of the late Confederate States, was unanimously elected an honorary member.

On motion the following was unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That it is the sense of this Camp that an organization of the lineal male descendants of Confederate Veterans should be effected and that the Commander be requested to call them together without unnecessary delay and that the eligibility of each applicant be determined by the action of this or some other U. C. V. Camp, certified by its adjutant.

On motion, Rev. Dr. Jas. Carmichae was unanimously elected chaplain of this Camp.

On motion it was unanimously resolved, That this Camp hears with sorrow of the continued feebleness of our comrade Col. E. D. Hall, Maj. Gen'l Commanding the North Carolina Division of the U. C. V. Association, and hereby tenders its sincere sorrow and sympathy.

On motion the Camp adjourned.

AUDIT AND FINANCE.

The New Board Holds Its First Regular Meeting—The Proposed Bond Issue Discussed—An Effort to be Made to Place The Bonds at a Lower Rate Than Six Per Cent.

The Board of Audit and Finance met yesterday in regular session. Present, Messrs. Wm. Calder (chairman) C. H. Gauzer, H. C. McQueen, C. W. Yates, Jos. H Hanby.

Mayor Fishblate paid his respects to the new board and hoped for a continuance of the friendly relations existing. He said the Board was a great institution and had saved money to the city and tax-payers. The chairman, Mr. Calder, responded fittingly to Mr. Fishblate's remarks. He said that it was important that the Board of Aldermen should make up its budget of appropriations earlier than it had done heretofore, and the Mayor said that it should be done.

The ordinance authorizing the issuing of $50,000 in city bonds was read by the clerk.

The chairman said he had heard that various inquiries had been made as to these bonds, and asked the Mayor if these letters could not be laid before the Board before action was taken on the ordinance. The Mayor said that he had replied to the inquiries, but had not kept the letters.

The chairman said that the city was bound to issue the bonds under the act of the Legislature. The only question was whether they should issue bonds at 6 percent, or ask for bids for bonds bearing a lower rate of interest.

Mayor Fishblate said that a short time bond could not be placed at less than 6 per cent.

Mr. Calder read a telegram published recently in the Charleston *News and Courier*, that the city of Augusta, Ga., had just issued $88,000 of ten-year bonds, bearing 4½ per cent. interest, and that these bonds were sold at a premium sufficient to reduce the annual interest to 4 2-5 per cent.

After further discussion a resolution offered by Mr. Yates was adopted, that the chairman be authorized to correspond in the name of the Board of Audit and Finance with Messrs. Blair & Co., and others, and obtain the best terms possible.

City Attorney Manning's bill for legal services at Raleigh before the Supreme Court, was approved.

The Board refused to concur in the action of the Board of Aldermen in appropriating $100 for an examination of the books of the city clerk and treasurer by a committee of citizens appointed by the Mayor.

Bill of Jno. H. Jevens, $50.51, for repairs to city oil-lamps during the month of March, approved by the Committee on Lights of the Board of Aldermen, was sent back to this committee with request for information as to why this bill was so unusually large.

The chair called attention to the ordinance requiring the City Clerk and Treasurer to make returns the first week in March of each year, and the following order was made:

The Clerk of this Board is instructed to address a communication to the Mayor, the late Chairman of the Board of Audit and Finance and the City Attorney, and request them to inform this Board as to whether the requirements of Section 7 of the Tax Ordinance, as to settlement with the Tax Collector has been complied with, and if so, the result of the same for this Board's guidance in settling the accounts of the Tax Collector and Treasurer for the past year. Second, to address the Board of Aldermen and ask them to suggest what action should be taken in the settlement of the Treasurer's accounts as to the balances due the city by the broken banks of this city.

Bills for current expenses amounting to $5,388.45 were audited and approved.

A motion to make the time of regular meetings Tuesday at 8 p. m., in place of Monday, 8 p. m., was adopted.

The Board adjourned subject to the call of the chairman.

Special Sale.

The first day of Rehder & Co.'s special sale or opening week was a grand success. There was a big crowd going and coming all day yesterday. Several clerks were added to show the ladies the different things of beauty. The decorations are magnificent, and the goods in the store prettily arranged. The special sale week will continue until next Saturday night. The store is open every night until 9 o'clock.

A new addition. Taylor's Bazaar have fitted up a Private Millinery Parlor, will open same on April 4th, where the ladies can try on their hats privately. †

Don't miss the grand Spring opening at Taylor's Bazaar April 4th and 5th. †

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

OPERA HOUSE.

FRIDAY, APRIL 5TH, 1895.

A Frolicsome Feast From Fairy Land.

A superb spectacular production of the greatest of Comic Opera successes,

"WANG,"

—AND—

60. A Famous Cast of 60.

Box sheet open Wednesday morning, April 3rd.
ap 2 3t ts we fr

NOTICE!

MR. T. B. HARRISS WITHDRAWS FROM our firm on this date. The undersigned assumes all liabilities, continuing the business under the same name. GEO. HARRISS, SON & CO.
April 1st. ap 2 2t

PUBLISHER'S ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily news paper n North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, at $6 00 per year, $3 00 for six months, $1 5 for three months, 50 cents for one month, to mail sub scribers. Delivered to city subscribers at the rate o 15 cents per week for any period from one week to on year.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY).—One square one day, $1 00; two days, $1 75; three days, $2 50; four days, $3 00; five days, $3 50; one week, $4 00; two weeks, $6 00; three weeks, $8 50; one month, $10 00; two months, $17 00; three months, $24 00; six months, $40 00; twelve months, $60 00. Ten lines of solid Nonpareil type make one square.

THE WEEKLY STAR is published every Friday morning at $1 00 per year, 60 cents for six months, 30 cents for three months.

All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls, Hops, Picnics, Society Meetings, Political Meetings, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates.

Notices under head of "City Items" 10 cents per line for first insertion, and 5 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements discontinued before the time contracted for will be charged transient rates for time actually published.

No advertisements inserted in Local Columns at any price.

All announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements.

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper references, may pay monthly or quarterly, according to contract.

Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Communications, unless they contain important news or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld.

Notices of Marriage or Death, Tributes of Respect Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

An extra charge will be made for double-column or triple-column advertisements.

Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged $1 00 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three-fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, two-thirds of daily rate.

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge at transient rates.

Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertisements" will be charged fifty per cent. extra.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra according to the position desired.

Amusement, Auction and Official advertisements one dollar per square for each insertion.

The Morning Star.

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SUNDAY, MORNING, APRIL 2, 1895

SOUTHWARD THEY MUST COME.

We live in an age of rapid development which is confined to no particular country and to no particular section of the world. The speeding locomotive which brings nations which were far apart close together and makes them neighbors, and the swift running steamer which within a week puts the products of one continent in the markets of another have stimulated and made practicable a development which the generations that have gone before never dreamed of and would have pronounced visionary if it had been predicted.

If ten years ago the American wheat-grower had been told that in the year 1895 his greatest and most formidable competitor would be found in Central America, he would have laughed at the man who said it. If the American cattle-raiser had been then told that he would have to look sharp to prevent his beef from being driven from foreign markets by the cattle-raisers of that same section he would have given little heed to that prediction. But these are both facts.

If the English dairyman had been told ten years ago that his most dangerous competitor would be found in far off Australia he would have given little heed to that for he never would have believed that the Australian could make and ship butter to England and sell it cheaper than he himself could.

If ten years ago the New England cotton manufacturer had been told that from the South would come cotton goods to be sold at his own doors for less money than he could afford to sell them he would have treated it as a silly utterance made by some one who didn't know what he was talking about. If the iron-manufacturer of Pennsylvania had been told that before the year 1895 iron would be made in the South and sold in Pennsylvania for less money than he could make it he would have laughed at the man who made the prediction and charitably considered him a fool. But all these things have been.

Argentina is becoming a formidable competitor of this country as an exporter of wheat for the simple reason that wheat can be grown there for less than it can in this country, while quick and cheap ocean transportation enable the exporter to put it in European markets for less money than the American exporter can, and give him a profit to satisfy him. She promises to become a formidable competitor in the European markets for beef for the same reasons.

The Australian dairyman has become the successful competitor of the English dairyman, for the simple reason that with his abundant and cheap pasturage he can make butter for less, while science has given him refrigerators in which it can be kept fresh and shipped long distances over tropical seas, and delivered in good condition, for less money than the English dairyman can afford to make and sell it.

The Southern cotton manufacturer and iron maker are becoming formidable competitors of the New England cotton manufacturer and the Pennsylvania iron maker, for the simple reason that having the advantage in the abundance and cheapness of the raw materials, and other advantages, they can make their goods for less money than the same character of goods can be made in New England or in Pennsylvania.

In these days of business rivalry and close competition it is the section or the man who can put goods on the market at the lowest price who is going to win, other things being equal. In competition in business matters the stronger and more aggressive will win, if he is determined to win and keeps that in view.

Great contests for industrial supremacy between sections or States are not settled in a day, for industrial revolutions require time, especially when one of the contestants has been long in the field and had grown rich and powerful before the other entered. But such contests are always eventually settled by the laws of trade, and one of these laws is that cheapness of production combined with requisite facilities for getting to market are potent and essential factors in determining the result. Other things being equal the advantage in these days of keen competition, and rapid transit is with the man who is nearest to the base of supplies of the raw material, and for this reason the mills must go to the cotton fields, and the furnaces to the iron and coal mines. The iron manufacturers of Massachusetts went to Pennsylvania because they could not hold out against cheap ore and cheap coal of that State, and so eventually will the bulk of her cotton manufacturers have to surrender to the Southern spindles and looms which can command the cheaper lint. And so in time will many of the iron mills of Pennsylvania and Ohio have to surrender to the Southern mills which command the cheaper raw materials and other advantages to reduce the cost of production to the consumer. Large bodies move slowly, and so do great industrial movements, but they move all the same.

MINOR MENTION.

The fusion Legislature which performed for about sixty-three days at Raleigh was elected as a "reform" Legislature, and began the "reform" before the seats of the distinguished solons got warm. This "reform" consisted altogether in turning all the Democrats they could out of office and putting fusionists in their places, and in making berths for as many of the friends and dependents of the solons as they could. Thus the expenses of that Legislature were increased about $6,000 over the expenses of the previous Democratic Legislature which had been denounced all over the State during the canvass for its "extravagance." The fact is that every man who was elected to the Legislature on the combine ticket went to Raleigh with the idea that the spoils belonged to the combine and that he was entitled to a proportionate part of them. To what extent they carried this belief is shown by the following extract from a letter of a Raleigh Republican to the *News and Observer*, criticising the course pursued by Mr. Ewart, who got himself elected Judge of the Western Criminal Circuit Court, and giving some inside history of the caucuses held to arrange the distribution of the spoils. Criticising solon Ewart's action in reference to the public printing, the writer says:

He had heard the caucus declaration: "Yes, we are a party of reform. But we are not to apply reform to ourselves. It is nothing more than right that those who have borne the brunt of the fight should be paid for it."

And again, on the occasion when a clerk protested against having assistants forced on him by the caucus when he had already more assistants than he could employ, he listened to these words: "Mr Speaker, I am at right smart cost in Raleigh. I have paid my boy's board ever since the Assembly met, and it's now half done, and he's not got a job yet. He is just as competent as any member of this caucus to do clerk's work, and I demand that he be put to work. We who have carried this fight to the finish, ought to be paid for it." *And he was put to work.*

And that same night Mr. Ewart received *his* pay (or thought he did.)

Messrs Jeter Pritchard, Marion Butler, S. Otho Wilson, Ewart, Cook and a number of smaller fry were *put to work*, and thus the reform job was finished up.

* *

A press dispatch last Saturday announced that the Richmond, Va., Locomotive works had received an order from the Southern Railway Company for fourteen locomotives. A few days ago we saw a statement in the Baltimore *Manufacturers' Record* to the effect that some of the leading Southern railroad companies had decided to give the building of their locomotives and cars to Southern shops even if they had to pay a little more for them. That is level-headed business sense, which in the end will pay the railroads handsomely. But there is no reason why this kind of work should not be turned out as cheaply and even more cheaply by Southern than by Northern establishments provided the railroads follow up the course of having it done in Southern establishments and give them enough of it to do to keep them busy and justify equipping themselves thoroughly for it. Of course the establishment that builds, say, a hundred locomotives in a year or a thousand cars can build them considerably cheaper, per locomotive or car, than the establishment which turns out ten locomotives or a hundred cars because it can afford to put in the most improved labor-saving machinery and the most efficient labor, to which steady employment can be assured. Give our Southern shops all they can do and it will not be long before they can turn out work in any quantity as cheaply or more cheaply than similar establishments in the North can, and thus our railroads will not only be able to secure their equipment at home as cheaply as elsewhere, but will at the same time build up great industries which will benefit them in other ways and aid immensely in the work of Southern industrial development.

A gang of fellows in Omaha, Neb., were making money pretty fast until the police interrupted them. They were raising $1 bills to $10's.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Stanly *Enterprise*: We are sorry to learn of the death of Mrs. Hannah Palmer, of Palmerville.

— Goldsboro *Argus*: After a long illness, patiently borne, Mr. Calvin B. Hicks, one of our oldest citizens, died at his home here yesterday morning at 6 o'clock, in the 68d year of his age.

— Rutherford *Democrat*: Sunday night Deputy Collector W. W. Krider, with U. S. Deputy Marshal Barney Butler and several assistants, made a raid into Polk county and found and destroyed three stills with a big lot of beer and snedlings

— Wilkesboro *News*: On Tuesday night of last week some unknown parties went to the home of Bob Bauguss, near Traphill, and set fire to his barn. They took out all the cattle except his horse, which was burned to death. It is not known who the dastardly perpetrators are, but they are supposed to be moonshiners, who thought that some horses belonging to the revenuers were in the barn. The revenues were in that neighborhood, but some distance from that point.

— Charlotte *News*: Messrs. H. L. and Wilmer Davidson who last year conducted a factory for canning tomatoes, on a small scale, have decided to go into the business this year in earnest. Their farm is located on the Catawba, and their factory is known as the "Falling Waters Canning Company." They have arranged to plant 150 acres in tomatoes this year and will equip their factory with machinery for canning. This is becoming quite an industry in Mecklenburg.

— Durham *Sun*: A Durham farmer, and a thrifty one here at home, has a very poor opinion of sending sweet potatoes to Pennsylvania for sale. He has had some experience. Some time ago he made a consignment to a dealer in that State of fifty bushels. One day this week he received a notice from the dealer drawing on him for 17 cents to make out the balance for freight. The Durham man says he is positively not going to ship any more there, and he intends to look into this matter further and see what became of his sweet potatoes. He thinks they were pie for Pennsylvanians.

— Raleigh *Visitor*: All the prisoners in Johnston county jail, three in number, escaped night before last. They were in a steel cell, but shook open the door, the lock of which was defective. One prisoner was white and two were colored. After they got out of the cell it was quite easy for them to cut through a brick wall. —— The trial of James S. Wilcox at Elizabeth City for the killing of John E. Brothers last October created much interest. Wilcox was found guilty of murder in the second degree, and after a sentence of fifteen years in the penitentiary had been passed upon him his counsel moved for a new trial and bond fixed at $10,000, which was given, and he is now at home with his family. —— The outlook for the State public schools is said by State Superintendent Scarborough to be bad. The new school law is the work of bunglers. Never was one more out of shape. He says the new law was "just whacked out," and is disjointed. It takes away all the leverage used to arouse enthusiasm on the part of teachers.

CURRENT COMMENT.

—— If it is true that Gov. McKinley's managers are trying to shut the negro out of the Republican party, they had as well give up the job as hopeless. The Southern Republican party can't shake the negro on the same principle that the tail can't shake the dog.—*Savannah News, Dem.*

—— Great Britain has declared that she has no ambition to increase her territory on this continent. That, however, would not prevent her from "acquiring" a slice of Nicaragua or Venezuela nearly so effectively as the presence of some of Admiral Meade's ships.—*N. Y. Commercial Advertiser, Rep.*

—— The reports of cotton going up should not alter the determination of planters to keep their acreage down. If they will keep down the acreage there will be no trouble about carrying up the price. If they are tempted to increase the acreage by a temporary spurt in prices now they will next year have the same low prices they suffer from now—or even lower—*Augusta Chronicle, Dem.*

TWINKLINGS

— Rocking-cradles for babies were used by the Egyptians may centuries before the Christain era. The human race, in fact, may be said to be founded on a rock.—*Boston Transcript.*

— He—"Pray tell me the sort of girl I ought to propose to."

She—"Well, one who is rich—and—a philanthropist."—*Truth.*

— Bacon—What are you doing with a picture of a base-ball player pinned to your coat?

Egbert—My wife pinned that there so as to remind me to have my hair cut.—*Yonkers Statesmnn.*

— When a man becomes firmly convinced that he is a genius, it is then that the fringe slowly begins to form on the bottom of his trousers.—*Harlem Life.*

— "Then you are quite satisfied with this picture of your husband?"

Wife—Well, yes—that is, if it's impossible to make it look any less like him than it does now."—*Chicago Inter-Ocean.*

— "It's the little things that tell," as the man said when his 8-year-old boy saw him kiss the cook and carried the news to mamma.—*Browning's Illustrated.*

— Chicago Aldermen are now quoted in the market at $600 apiece. In the opinion of certain well-informed New Yorkers this must be regarded as dirt cheap.—*New York Tribune.*

— "You don't seem to hold a very high opinion of the latter-day women?"

"I don't. She has ceased to be a lady and has not yet succeeded in becoming a gentleman."—*Life.*

ALL FOR ONE DOLLAR.

Twenty-Five Choice Novels for One Coupon and One Dollar—Note the Authors.

Examine this list of standard novels. You can get the 25 books for one coupon and One Dollar, and they will be sent post-paid to any address. See announcement in another column for coupon and complete list of books.

THESE 25 FOR ONE DOLLAR.

No. 51—A Rogue's Life; By Wilkie Collins.
No. 50—Treasure Island; By Robert L. Stevenson.
No. 48—The Red Hill Tragedy; By Emma D E N Southworth.
No. 44—In Durance Vile; By "The Duchess."
No. 45—Missing Her Fate; By Miss M E Braddon.
No. 42—Hickory Hall; By Emma D E N Southworth
No. 40—The Heiress of Hilldrop; By Charlotte M Braeme, author of "Dora Thorne."
No. 35—Grandfather's Chair; By Nathaniel Hawthorne.
No. 33—The Surgeon's Daughter; by Sir Walter Scott.
No. 31—No Thoroughfare; By Charles Dickens and Wilkie Collins.
No. 29—The Wandering Heir; By Charles Reade.
No. 27—The Squire's Darling; By Charlotte M Braeme, author of "Dora Thorne."
No. 23—The Siege of Granada By Sir E Bulwer Lytton.
No. 20—The Sea King; by Captain Marryat.
No. 20—Mr Gilfil's Love Story, By Geo Eliot.
No. 17—The Armorer of Tyre; By Sylv Cobb, Jr.
No. 17—Rock Rida, or The Daughter of the Island, By Mrs Ann S Stephens.
No. 16—A Study in Scarlet; By A Conan Doyle.
No. 14—Three Raven Misses; By Florence Warden
No. 10—The Black Tulip; by Alexander Dumas.
No. 11—The Belle of Lvan, or The Miller's Daughter; By Charlotte M Braeme, author of Dora Thorne.
No. 9—The Black Dwarf; By Sir Walter Scott.
No. 6—The Corsican Brothers; By Alex Dumas.
No. 4—King Solomon's Mines; By H Rider Haggard
No. 1—The Scarlet Letter; By Nathan'l Hawthorne

GRANDMOTHER'S DOLLARS.

What Her Descendants Might Have Had In Interest From Them.

A woman recently died in a neighboring town, and besides a granddaughter and her cynical husband she left a few relatives and $80 in gold, with other things. The woman was over 95 when she died, and the $80 included her wedding presents. Like many persons in those days, she held fast to the shining eagles and had had them for nearly 77 years. When she died, of course the birds were distributed among the heirs. The cynical husband, who was married to the old lady's favorite granddaughter, mused upon the $80 in gold and stripped his thoughts of all sentiment as he speculated in his mind what might have been. He is not quite through figuring yet, and his constant query is, if grandmother had only put that $80 in the bank when she first got it, what a clutch of golden eagles we would have now! He mused on this as he got ready on cold mornings to go to work, and his favorite topic of thought was suggested as he jingled a nickel and a bunch of keys looking for his car fare. Then he began to figure that money at 6 per cent double in about 11 years, and he lost sleep as he thought how many times 11 years went into 77 years. When the cynical husband finally referred the question of his losses to a bank man, he learned that in 50 years the $80 in gold would have amounted to $1,473.60. Without figuring any further on the problem, the bank man said he would easily consider that $10,000 was lost by saving the $80.

It is not an unusual thing in some of the old banks to have an account doubled many times over and over again. One day last week in the Worcester county institution for savings an account was reckoned at $214.03 which originally was but $10.65. Nothing has ever been added to or taken from the bank account, and it was left to accumulate. It took about 50 years for the original sum to gather all that moss. There was another instance in the same bank where thirty-one times the original sum was paid to a depositor. No one wonders that somebody discovered and said that money makes money.—Worcester (Mass.) Gazette.

BULWER'S ODDITIES.

The Fight That He Made Against All Signs of Old Age.

Bulwer's appearance was decidedly what is generally understood by "aristocratic," or what the French call "distingue." Tall, slim, with finely cut features, prominent among which was a long aquiline nose, with an abundant crop of curly brown hair and a full beard, the first impression he produced, aided by a careful toilet, was one of ease and elegance. At a dinner table, where he liked to speak, and, if possible, to speak alone, he was certainly useful as well as ornamental, with his large blue ribbon and star of the Order of the Bath. There was a certain naivete, strange as that word may sound when applied to so confirmed a man of the world, in his vain and very apparent struggle against the irresistible encroachments of age. He did not give in with that philosophical resignation which might have been expected of one so clever and in some respects so wise. He fought against it tooth and nail. Lord Lytton's hair seemed dyed, and his face looked as if art had been called in to rejuvenate it. A quack in Paris had pretended to cure his growing deafness, a constant source of legitimate grief to him. He was radiant one autumn on his return to town because he thought he was cured, but not for long. The copious use of snuff was no doubt part of the attempted cure, of which the most palpable results were large dark red or blue pocket handkerchiefs, quite out of harmony with his otherwise elegant toilet. His expressions of regret at his impaired digestive organs had something ludicrous about it. He would point with a sigh to a rosy cheeked American apple and say, "To think that there are people who can eat that!"

One of his physical infirmities—his deafness—proved a bar to his ambition. He was sorely disappointed when Lord Beaconsfield, instead of including him in his last cabinet, "kicked him up stairs" into the house of lords, principally because he could not follow the debate.—Rudolph Lehman's "Recollections."

Mrs. Hearst Gives a Library to a Town.

The free use of perhaps the finest and best appointed library and reading rooms in the whole northwest was presented, with appropriate ceremonies, to the citizens of the town of Lead, S. D., on Christmas night by Mrs. Phœbe A. Hearst, widow of Senator Hearst of California. The library and reading rooms occupy the third floor of a new hall recently erected by the Miners' union at a cost of $100,000 and contain in addition to a well selected stock of literature, embracing the leading periodicals of Europe and America, all of the paraphernalia necessary to play the popular games now in vogue. Once a fortnight a free musical recital will be given in the main reading room, Mrs. Hearst having employed a librarian with exceptional musical talent and sent, with the furniture, a magnificent piano for that purpose.—Chicago Tribune.

Moisture and Temperature.

A cubic foot of air at the temperature of zero (Fahrenheit) can contain only .5 of a grain of water vapor; at 32 degrees it can hold 2.13 grains; at 65 it can contain 6.6 grains, and at 98 it can hold 18.96 grains of moisture in suspension. These figures go to show that summer air can hold at least nine times the quantity of dampness that air can when reduced to the temperature of freezing.—St. Louis Republic.

India rubber is recovered from shoes by treating with diluted sulphuric acid and afterward steaming the finely ground product under a pressure of six atmospheres. The steaming process seems to effect a devulcanization by oxidation.

— Louisburg *Times*: Arch Stokes, a young man 18 years old, living on the land of G. T. Aycue, about eight miles from town, was killed last Saturday. He was helping to raise a barn and a pole fell off strinking him on the head, killing him instantly.

Rev. O. S. Stringfield, of Wakefield, N. C., says: "Five boxes of Japanese Pile Cure cured me after 19 years' suffering." J. H. HARDING, J. H. BUNTING.

You Don't Have to Swear Off

Says the St. Louis *Journal of Agriculture* in an editorial about No-To-Bac, the famous tobacco habit cure. "We know of many cases cured by No-To-Bac, one, a prominent St. Louis architect, smoked and chewed for twenty years; two boxes cured him so that even the smell of tobacco makes him sick." No-To-Bac sold and guaranteed by R. R. BELLAMY & CO. No cure no pay. Book free. Sterling Remedy Co., New York or Chicago.

Cure for Headache.

As a remedy for all forms of Headache Electric Bitters has proved to be the very best. It effects a permanent cure and the most dreaded habitual sick headaches yield to its influence. We urge all who are afflicted to procure a bottle and give this remedy a fair trial. In cases of habitual constipation Electric Bitters cures by giving the needed tone to the bowels, and few cases long resist the use of this medicine. Try it once. Large bottles only Fifty cents at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store.

STORIES OF PAPER.

HOW WATER MARKS WERE MADE AND WHY THEY CAME INTO USE.

Clever Use Made of Them by Ireland In His Shakespearean Forgeries—Elaborate Designs Impressed by the "Dandy" Roller—The Bogus Virgin Mary Letter.

Stories and incidents innumerable are wound up in the art of paper making, and its mechanical processes have afforded to the ingenious story teller many a chance for a thrilling tale.

This is especially true of the system of placing water marks, so called, in various brands or makes of paper.

Perhaps the most interesting true story which has to do with this branch of the industry is that of the famous "Ireland's Confessions."

Ireland had fabricated some Shakespeare manuscripts, which for a long time were accepted as actual. They made such an impression indeed that a number of men, famous at that time for their erudition and for their literary standing, voluntarily prepared a testimonial attesting absolute belief in the authenticity of the manuscripts. To this document these men affixed their signatures and sent the paper broadcast.

The whole of the original edition of the fakes was disposed of in a few hours, and so great was the eagerness for the edition that single copies were disposed of in auction rooms at enormous prices.

Some time after that Ireland himself threw these gentlemen into much sorrow by explaining just how he had had fun with them.

Ireland's story was that the sheet of paper which he used was the outside of several others on which some accounts had been kept during the reign of Charles I. At that time Ireland was wholly unacquainted with the subject of water marks.

"I carefully selected," says he, "two half sheets not having any mark whatever, on which I penned my first effusion." A few pages further on he wrote: "Being thus urged forward to the production of more manuscripts, it became necessary that I should possess a sufficient quantity of old paper to enable me to proceed, in consequence of which I applied to a bookseller, who, for the sum of 5 shillings, suffered me to take from all the folio and quarto volumes in his shop the fly leaves which they contained.

"By this means I was amply stored with that commodity, nor did I fear any mention of the circumstances by the bookseller. As I was fully aware, from the variety of water marks which are in existence at the present day, that they must have constantly been altered since the period of Elizabeth, and being for some time wholly unacquainted with the water marks of that age, I very carefully produced my first specimens of the writing on such sheets of old paper as had no mark whatever.

"Having heard it frequently stated that the appearance of such marks on the papers would have greatly tended to establish their validity, I listened to every remark that was made on the subject, and I at length gleaned the intelligence that a jug was the prevalent water mark of the reign of Elizabeth, in consequence of which I inspected all the sheets of old paper then in my possession, and having selected such as had the jug on them I produced the succeeding manuscripts upon these, being careful, however, to mingle with them a certain number of blank leaves that the production on a sudden of so many water marks might not excite suspicion in the breasts of those persons who were most conversant with the manuscripts."

A traveler in Messina was once shown a letter written by the Virgin Mary with her own hand. He remarked that it must indeed be a miracle, since the paper showed by its water mark that it was not made till some centuries after the age of Mary.

It is the greatest mystery to most people how water marks are made. And yet the matter is the simplest thing in the world. In the manufacture of paper the pulp, before it has begun to be dried and after it has been spread on the moving platform, passes under a roller called the "dandy." On this "dandy" is affixed the device which works the water mark.

It is of bent wire, and as the roller presses the paper it presses into it the mark.

In the same manner most elaborate designs and even pictures and intricate representations of whole battle scenes have been done from an engraved plate similar to an electrotype, used in the same manner on the "dandy" roller.

Of course check paper and bank paper is the most important variety distinguished by water marks. In a pair of £5 note molds prepared by the old process there are 8 curved borders, 16 figures, 168 large waves and 240 letters, which had all to be separatedly secured by the finest wire to the curved surface.

There were 1,056 wires and 67,584 twists and the same repetition where the stout wires were introduced to support the under surface.

In ancient times the water marks were used for the same purposes as the old inn signs. The old inns had dolls and behives, horses and various other forms as signs. For the same reason the paper makers had some distinguishing mark which made their product distinct from that of other makers.

A very famous mark of the sixteenth century was the handmark—a hand topped with a star. The jug or pot mark gave the name to the "pot" paper, while the foolscap mark used on paper of a certain size gave that size its name, which it retains to this day.

The post paper was so called because it bore a mark of a shield with a post horn on it.—London Letters.

A Delicate Distinction.

"Did you say you wanted Shakespeare's works?" asked the book store clerk.

"No," replied the haughty girl; "I want his plays."—Washington Star.

"There's one thing about me that I don't understand," said Tommy thoughtfully, "and that's why it is that making marks on wall paper is such lots of fun and making 'em in copy-books in school is such hard work."

The use of Australia as a convict ground was objected to by the population as soon as the country was occupied by actual colonists, and the transportation system was given up in 1857.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by R R BELLAMY.

The Discovery Saved His Life.

Mr. G. Caillouette, Druggist, Beaversville, Ill., says: "To Dr. King's New Discovery I owe my life. Was taken with La Grippe and tried all the physicians for miles about, but of no avail and was given up and told I could not live. Having Dr. King's New Discovery in my store I sent for a bottle and began its use and from the first dose began to get better, and after using three bottles was up and about again. It is worth its weight in gold. We won't keep store or house without it." Get a free trial at R. R. Bellamy's Drug Store.

Crisp Pastry

Free from all the disagreeable greasy effects that result from the use of lard will be had, if COTTOLENE is used. Fish and cakes fried in it are simply delicious because it adds a flavor to them that cannot possibly be obtained from the use of any other frying material. Get the genuine COTTOLENE, as there are numerous questionable imitations. The trade mark given here is on each pail. Sold in three and five lb. pails.

Made only by
The N. K. Fairbank Company,
ST. LOUIS and CHICAGO.

nov 6 tf tu th sa chanse

Feather Superstition.

We have long been acquainted with the peacock feather superstition, but were not aware until a few days ago that it extended to all feathered creatures. A young girl admired the beautiful pigeons strutting, cooing and sunning themselves in the covert of the house where she was boarding and asked the landlady to sell her a pair to take home with her. "No, indeed, child," was the immediate response. "Not for any money would I sell you those birds. When one person gives or sells an acquaintance a feathered thing, there is sure to be trouble between them, and I do not want to fall out with you."—Philadelphia Times.

An Easy Way.

The main object of life is to derive satisfaction from it, the philosophers say. Therefore when you are what is commonly known as selfish and grasping you can silence your conscience by telling it that you are no worse than the unselfish and sacrificing. You simply have another method of enjoying life.—Exchange.

London Newsgirls.

The London Weekly Telegraph, a miscellany published in connection with the Sheffield Daily Telegraph, is now being sold in the streets of London by a corps of presentable damsels, becomingly dressed in a uniform of dark gray, with red facings, hood lined with the latter color and forage cap to match.

Wholesale Prices Current.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately a possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

BAGGING—		
2-lb Jute	@	6
Standard	7@8	7½
WESTERN SMOKED—		
Hams, ℔ lb	13@14	14
Sides, ℔ lb	9@10	10½
Shoulders, ℔ lb	@	9@9½
DRY SALTED—		
Sides, ℔ lb	6@6½	7
Shoulders, ℔ lb	6@6½	
BARRELS, Spirits Turpentine—		
Second-hand, each	1 00 @	1 15
New New York, each	1 35 @	1 40
New City, each	@	1 40
BEESWAX, ℔ lb	@	30
BRICKS—		
Wilmington, ℔ M	6 50 @	7 00
Northern	9 00 @	11 00
BUTTER—		
North Carolina, ℔ lb	15	
Northern	23 @	25
CORN MEAL—		
Per bushel, in sacks	@	45
Virginia Meal	48 @	50
COTTON TIES—℔ bundle	@	70
CANDLES—℔ lb—		
Adamantine	15 @	25
Sperm	9 @	10
CHEESE—℔ lb—		
Northern Factory	10 @	11
Dairy, Cream	11 @	13
State	@	10
COFFEE—℔ lb—		
Laguyra	27 @	28
Rio	20 @	25
DOMESTICS—		
Sheeting, 4-4, ℔ yard	5 @	6½
Yarns, ℔ bunch	18 @	30
EGGS—℔ dozen	10 @	
FISH		
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ barrel	22 00 @	30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ half-barrel	11 00 @	15 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ℔ barrel	16,00 @	18 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ℔ half-barrel	9,00 @	9 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ℔ barrel	12 00 @	14 00
Mullets, ℔ barrel	3 25 @	3 50
Mullets, ℔ pork barrel	@	6 00
N. C. Roe Herring, ℔ box	3 50 @	4 00
Dry Cod, ℔ lb	5 @	10
FLOUR—℔ barrel—		
Western, low grade	2 50 @	3 00
" Extra	2 75 @	4 25
" Straight	3 25 @	
Second Patent	4 00 @	
First Patent	4 25 @	4 50
City Mills—Super	@	2 50
" Family	3 25 @	
GLUE—℔ lb	7@9	10
GRAIN—℔ bushel—		
Corn, from store, bags—White	33@	
Corn, cargo, in bulk—White	@	50
Corn, cargo, in bags—White	@	50
Oats, from store	@	45
Oats, Rust Proof	@	50
Cow Peas	@	70
HIDES, ℔ lb—		
Green	@	4
Dry	@	8@9
HAY, ℔ 100 lbs—		
Eastern	@	1 00
Western	@	90
North River	@	90
HOOP IRON, ℔ lb	8 @	9@10
LARD, ℔ lb—		
Northern	6@6½	6½
North Carolina	6@6½	6½
LIME, ℔ barrel	@	1 25
LUMBER(delivered) ℔ M feet—		
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00 @	20 00
Rough-Edge Plank	15 00 @	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00 @	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00 @	22 00
Scantling and Board, common	14 00 @	15 00
MOLASSES, ℔ gallon—		
New Crop Cuba, in hhds	@	36
" " in bbls	@	36
Porto Rico, in hhds	@	37½
" " in bbls	@	37
Sugar-House, in hhds	@	14
" " in bbls	@	16
Syrup, in bbls	@	25
NAILS, ℔ keg, Cut, 60d basis	@	1 15
OILS, ℔ gallon—		
Kerosene	10 @	14
Lard	@	65
Linseed	75 @	80
Rosin	15 @	15
Tar	@	20
Deck and Spar	@	25
POULTRY—		
Chickens, Live, grown	17½@	25½
" Spring	20 @	30
Turkeys	60 @	1 00
PEANUTS, ℔ bushel 28 lbs	35 @	50
POTATOES, ℔ bushel—		
Sweet	30 @	45
Irish, ℔ barrel	2 50 @	3 00
PORK, ℔ barrel—		
City Mess	@	13 50
Rump	@	13 00
Prime	@	13 00
RICE—Carolina, ℔ lb	4 @	5
Rough, ℔ bushel (Upland)	60 @	70
" (Lowland)	1 00 @	1 75@
RAGS, ℔ lb—Country	@	1½
City	@	2
ROPE, ℔ lb	10 @	22
SALT, ℔ sack—Alum	@	75
Liverpool	@	55
Lisbon	@	65
American	@	55
" 1-2lb. ℔ bag	45 @	50
SHINGLES, 7-inch, & M	5 00 @	7 00
Common	2 00 @	2 50
Cypress Saps	4 50 @	5 00
Cypress Extra	@	7 50
SUGAR, ℔ lb—Standard Gran'd	@	4½
Standard A	@	4¼
White A	@	4¼
Extra C	@	4
C, Yellow	@	4
SOAP, ℔ lb—Northern	3½@	
STAVES, ℔ M—W. O. Barrel	8 00 @	14
R. O. Hogshead	@	10 00
TIMBER, ℔ M feet—Shipping	@	13 00
Mill, Prime	@	9 00
Mill, Fair	6 50 @	7 00
Common Mill	4 00 @	5 00
Inferior to Ordinary	3 00 @	4 00
TALLOW, ℔ lb	@	
WHISKEY, ℔ gallon—Northern	1 00 @	2
North Carolina	1 00 @	1
WOOL, ℔ lb—Washed	14 @	
Clear of burs	10 @	
Burry	@	

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, April 1.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—Firm at 30 cents per gallon.

ROSIN—Market firm at $1 15 per bbl. for Strained and $1 20 for Good Strained.

TAR.—Market steady at 95 cents per bbl. of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market firm at $1 20 for Hard, $2 00 for Yellow Dip and Virgin.

COTTON—Firm.

Ordinary	3½	cts ℔ lb
Good Ordinary	4⅝	" "
Low Middling	5 5-16	" "
Middling	5⅝	" "
Good Middling	6 1-16	" "

RECEIPTS.

Cotton	408 bales
Spirits Turpentine	27 casks
Rosin	61 bbls
Tar	260 bbls
Crude Turpentine	22 bbls

COTTON AND NAVAL STORES.

MONTHLY STATEMENT

RECEIPTS.

For month of March 1895.

Cotton.	Spirits.	Rosin.	Tar.	Crude.
10,831	2,089	18,978	8,488	618

RECEIPTS.

For month of March 1894.

Cotton.	Spirits.	Rosin.	Tar.	Crude.
4,040	1,859	20,108	5,009	554

EXPORTS.

For month of March 1895.

	Cotton.	Spirits.	Rosin.	Tar.	Crude.
Domestic	8,387	2,738	876	3,186	642
Foreign	000	000	20,218	42	000
	8,387	2,738	21,094	3,228	642

EXPORTS.

For month of March 1894.

	Cotton.	Spirits.	Rosin.	Tar.	Crude.
Domestic	5,089	3,436	238	4,049	366
Foreign	9,191	000	13,906	39	000
	13,929	3,436	14,344	4,088	366

STOCKS.

Ashore and Afloat, April 1, 1895

Children Cry FOR PITCHER'S Castoria

Castoria promotes Digestion, and overcomes Flatulency, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, and Feverishness. Thus the child is rendered healthy and its sleep natural. Castoria contains no Morphine or other narcotic property.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 82 Portland Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"I use Castoria in my practice, and find it specially adapted to affections of children." ALEX. ROBERTSON, M. D., 1057 2d Ave., New York.

THE CENTAUR Co., 77 Murray St., N. Y.

What is Castoria

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups, and Castor Oil. It is pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by millions of Mothers. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

Do not be imposed upon, but insist upon having Castoria, and see that the fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on the wrapper. We shall protect ourselves and the public at all hazards.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 Murray St., N. Y.

JAPANESE PILE CURE

A New and Complete Treatment, consisting of SUPPOSITORIES, Capsules of Ointment and two Boxes of Ointment. A never-failing Cure for Piles of every nature and degree. It makes an operation with the knife or injections of carbolic acid, which are painful and seldom a permanent cure, and often resulting in death, unnecessary. Why endure this terrible disease? We guarantee 6 boxes to cure any case. You only pay for benefits received. $1 a box, 6 for $5. Sent by mail. Guarantees issued by our agents.

CONSTIPATION Cured, Piles Prevented, by Japanese Liver Pellets the great LIVER and STOMACH REGULATOR and BLOOD PURIFIER. Small, mild and pleasant to take, especially adapted for children's use. 50 Doses 25 cents.

GUARANTEES issued only by

J. HICKS BUNTING, Y. M. C. A. Building. For sale by JOHN H. HARDIN, ap 2 D&W 1y ch sat Wilmington N. C.

DUCRO'S ALIMENTARY ELIXIR

IS HIGHLY RECOMMENDED AS

A REMEDY FOR LUNG DISEASES

AND AS A

Preventive for Typhoid, Malarial

Agts: E. FOUGERA & CO., New York

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D. O'Connor,

REAL ESTATE AGENT, WILmington, N. C. Stores, Offices and Dwelling for rent. Houses and Lots for sale on easy terms. Rents, taxes and insurance attended to promptly. Cash ... improved city real estate june 24 tf

FOR MAN AND BEAST!

Mexican Mustang Liniment

CURES

Sciatica,	Scratches,	Contracted Muscles,
Lumbago,	Sprains,	Eruptions,
Rheumatism,	Strains,	Hoof Ail,
Burns,	Stitches,	Screw Worms,
Scalds,	Stiff Joints,	Swinney,
Stings,	Backache,	Saddle Galls,
Bites,	Galls,	Piles.
Bruises,	Sores,	
Bunions,	Spavin	
Corns,	Cracks.	

THIS GOOD OLD STAND-BY

accomplishes for everybody exactly what is claimed for it. One of the reasons for the great popularity of the Mustang Liniment is found in its universal applicability. Everybody needs such a medicine.

The Lumberman needs it in case of accident.

The Housewife needs it for general family use.

The Canaler needs it for his teams and his men.

The Mechanic needs it always on his work bench.

The Miner needs it in case of emergency.

The Pioneer needs it—can't get along without it.

The Farmer needs it in his house, his stable, and his stock yard.

The Steamboat man or the Boatman needs it in liberal supply afloat and ashore.

The Horse-fancier needs it—it is his best friend and safest reliance.

The Stock-grower needs it—it will save him thousands of dollars and a world of trouble.

The Railroad man needs it and will need it so long as his life is a round of accidents and dangers.

The Backwoodsman needs it. There is nothing like it as an antidote for the dangers to life limb and comfort which surround the pioneer.

The Merchant needs it about his store among his employees. Accidents will happen, and when these come the Mustang Liniment is wanted at once.

Keep a Bottle in the House. 'Tis the best of economy.

Keep a Bottle in the Factory. Its immediate use in case of accident saves pain and loss of wages.

Keep a Bottle Always in the Stable for use when wanted.

MY FOREST PATH.

I know a path all fringed with ferns,
A woodland path with many turns,
Where in the overarching trees,
That toss their heads in every breeze,
The wild birds carol sweetest lays
In vesper song and matin praise.
I sit me down, and at my feet
The light and shade, coquetting, meet.
The harshest sounds that greet my ear
Are tinkling bells in pastures near,
And rippling waves that to the shore
Repeat their story evermore.
Oh, fitful lake! so like my heart,
Thy moods strange thoughts within me start.
Like thee, I sometimes seem at rest,
But oft by surging cares oppressed.
Yet not today to wearied brain
Shall vexing problems come again.
The lake its soothing music hath,
And blessed peace my forest path.
—Anna S. Hunt in Boston Woman's Journal.

MARS' TOM'S GRAVE.

A Faithful Old Colored Servant Devoted to His Late Master.

"I saw a pathetic instance at Greensboro of a negro's fidelity," said W. L. Williams, a traveling man. "About ten miles from the town I saw a grave with a marble slab at its head. Seated near it was an old negro with a bunch of flowers which he was placing over the mound. I stopped my horse and spoke to him.

"'Whose grave is that, uncle?' I asked.

"'Mars' Tom's, boss. I'ze his nigga.'

"'Oh, no. You are no man's nigger now. Didn't you know that you were free?'

"'Dunno nuffin 'bout dat, sah. I'ze Mars' Tom's nigga, sah, an he's waitin foh me suah up dah. Dese han's done tote 'im frum dat place dey call Shiloh, an he died while I wah a-totin 'im. Jest closed he eyes an went ter sleep, an when I comes ter cross de ribber of Jordan he jest hole out his han's an he tells de angel at de gate who I be, an he let me in. I dreamed 'bout it las' night, boss.'

"I was interested in the old fellow and wanted to hear his story. The slab at the grave told me that it was that of 'Colonel Tom Winn, killed at the battle of Shiloh,' and I questioned the faithful negro further:

"'How old are you, uncle?'

"'Most a hundred, I reckon, sah.'

"'Was you in the war?'

"'Went wif Mars' Tom, sah. I'ze his nigga, an he's in heaben. I'ze jest a-waitin till dese ole bones, weary trabbling over de road, 'll take me ter de ribber, when Mars' Tom'll help his ole nigga ober.'

"'Were you with him when he was killed?'

"'I was right dar, boss. Done pick im up an toted 'im ter dat place dey call Corinth. Den I found a train; got ter de place dey call Chattanooga. De nex' day we wah in Atlanta. Mars' Tom den in his glory. Dis heah nigga lef' ter 'ten his body. Dey buried 'im when I got 'im heah, an dis nigga jest lef' ter 'ten his grabe an keep de flowers hyah.'

"I found upon inquiry that the story was true, and for a quarter of a century the faithful negro had done nothing but attend the grave of his young master, whose body he brought from northern Mississippi to central Georgia."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

The Application Embarrassed.

There lives in a certain small town a poor minister who has a large family which his salary does not begin to cover (literally), so the congregation have donated cast off clothing for the children, and even the poor minister's wife goes to church in the last year's bonnet and cloak of a deacon's wife. The poor lady has grown used to this and does the best she can with the conglomeration of dresses, cloaks and hats which are sent her, though the result is sometimes rather tragic. However, she has always felt that she did nobly by the children, and if the dresses and coats and cloaks and trousers were misfits none was ever unkind enough to say anything about it. One Sunday, however, she dressed the nine hopefuls with great care and marched them to the church. She was a little late, and just as she opened the door and started up the aisle her husband thundered from the pulpit, "Even Solomon in all his glory was not arrayed like one of these." He did not see the joke, but the congregation tittered, and the mother was ready to cry.—Indianapolis Sentinel.

Dispelling an Illusion.

One of my readers wants to know the correct pronunciation of the word "Llanthony." It is always a painful thing to me to dispel the prevalent illusion that newspaper editors know everything, but owing, I suppose, to the fact that I was taught Latin and Greek in my youth, when I ought to have been learning the tongues of the living, I have grown up ignorant of the proper pronunciation of Llanthony. All I can boast of is a general idea that in Welsh most of the consonants are vowels and most of the vowels sounds which no Englishman can hope to imitate. But if any of my readers can throw any light on "Llanthony" I shall be happy to assist in spreading it.—London Truth.

Curran's Retort.

Curran's friend was tickled by the orator's retort apropos of the jury system. The friend was bragging of his attachment to it and said, "With trial by jury I have lived, and, by the blessing of God, with trial by jury I will die!"

"Oh," said Curran in amazement, "then you've made up your mind to be hanged, Dick!"

First Patent In America.

The first patent granted in America was issued by the general court of Boston, March 6, 1646, to Joseph Jenks for his invention of a water wheel. A facsimile copy has recently been placed in the patent office.

Good Advice.

Be sure you are right, and then stop, if there is any danger of your going wrong.—Picayune.

She Listened.

Miss C.'s portrait hung on the wall at the exhibition. Miss C. hung around her portrait. Miss C. had lips that an ablebodied man would walk five miles to kiss. Her eyes were twin stars. Upon her forehead hung two beautiful curls—twin curls. Miss C. was delightful to behold.

She was immersed in the study of her catalogue. Of course she was not there to listen to the comments.

"Beautiful picture, isn't it?"

"Yes; I wonder if it's true to life?"

"I don't know. It's awfully pretty anyway."

"It is pretty. The features are perfect, but I don't think she looks very intelligent."

Miss C., with a crimson face, slapped her book shut and walked away.—New York World.

Powers of Observation.

Little Ethel—Your sister is engaged, isn't she?

Playmate—Who says so?

"Nobody."

"Then how do you know?"

"When the letter carrier rings, she goes to the door herself."—Good News.

A Russian in Paris, who has made a business of training rats, has built for them a miniature railroad, equipped with a complete passenger train. The crew are rats, and the passengers are rats.

LAPSES OF IDENTITY.

PEOPLE WHO STRANGELY DISAPPEAR FOR LONG PERIODS.

When They Reappear to Their Friends, They Have No Memory of Their Wanderings—Cases of a Tinsmith and a Lawyer Related by Dr. Osborne.

A paper entitled "People Who Drop Out of Sight," by Dr. A. E. Osborne, superintendent of a home for children at Glen Ellen, Cal., was read at a recent meeting of the Medico-Legal society at the Academy of Medicine, New York. After speaking of mysterious disappearances in general and the usual inability to account for them the paper gave several instances which the author says happened to persons and under circumstances well known to him.

The first case was that of a man of middle age, "in rugged health and free from any inherited neuropathic taint." He was a plumber by trade and lived in a town near Philadelphia. He was prosperous and was neither overworked nor the victim of business troubles. His family life was harmonious, and he had no bad habits. The Sunday on which he disappeared he had been in the house all day, reading and playing with his children. About 4 o'clock he got up from the lounge on which he lay, changed his house jacket for an ordinary business coat and told his wife he was going out for a short walk. He stepped into the street and suddenly disappeared, as if he had vanished into air.

Although a conspicuous figure in the town, and although the streets were crowded, he was seen by nobody. His absence continuing, the next day an exhaustive search was made for him. But nothing could be learned. There was absolutely no trace of him, either in the town or in the surrounding country. In due course the business was disposed of and the family moved to Chicago, giving up all hope of finding a clew to the man's disappearance.

One day two years later a number of men were working at their trade in a tinshop in one of the far southern states. Suddenly one of them dropped his work and clasped his hands to his head.

"My God!" he cried, looking about dazedly, "where am I? How did I get here? This isn't my shop! Where am I? What does it mean?"

His companions were at first disposed to laugh, but when they saw the man's changed expression, the beads of sweat on his brow and his nervous twitchings they knew he was not drunk, but under the influence of some great emotion. They spoke to him, but he insisted that the name they called him by was not his. At last he made his way to the boss of the shop and tried to explain about his family and his business in the north. The boss was incredulous. He knew the man as a wandering tinsmith who had drifted into the town seeking work at his trade and whom he had employed. He had proved to be a trustworthy and skilled workman, and no further inquiry had been made.

"Under a fictitious name," Dr. Osborne says in his paper, "the man had been known to his companions and had been paid. He remembered nothing of the past during his period of employment, but at last a dim recollection had come to him of that fateful Sunday—his rising to go out, his promise to return soon—and then all was a blank. He had no money, although he had worked steadily in his shop and had received good wages. At the last accounts I had of him he was at Chicago, living his normal life. Somewhat mystified over his realization of the strange freak in which he figured, although feeling well and apparently in mental balance, he realises that he has been the central figure in some overstrange mental phenomenon quite mysterious enough to make him at times doubt his sanity."

Dr. Osborne's second case he speaks of thus: "A similar case occurred to a resident of another town near Philadelphia. This man, whom we shall designate as X., was a lawyer, a prominent politician—a former member of congress, I believe—a man of fine oratorical powers and of brilliant attainments.

"One day he got up from his desk, leaving his lawbooks open at the pages he had been consulting, and stepped outside for a few moments. He disappeared. In due course vigorous search was instituted, reservoirs and streams were dragged for his body on the presumption that he had committed suicide, and, in short, all the means that money and influence would put into operation were employed, but in vain. Not the slightest clew was obtained. His domestic affairs were well known to be most happy. He was abstemious in his habits and more devoted to his profession than to society. The hue and cry of premeditated flight was dispelled by the disordered state of his unlocked desk, over which were scattered papers and a mass of unfinished work. His accounts were all right, and among his papers were found uncashed checks amounting to several thousand dollars.

"After several months had passed word came through official channels that X. was in Australia and had applied to a representative of our government there to establish his identity and procure means for his transportation home. It was some time before his family were fully satisfied of his existence in that faroff country under such startling circumstances—broken in health, penniless and unable to give a definite account of how he got there.

"X. finally established his identity. His passage money was forwarded, and in due season he arrived in this country. He went direct to his former home, and after a short period for recuperation took up the practice of his profession and was, as he has continued to be up to the last information I have had of him, his former normal self. How he had disappeared he was unable to say. He knew nothing until 'he came to himself' aboard a steamer nearing an Australian port."

A PLAY THAT WAS NOT WRITTEN.

Dramatic Plans of the Elder and Younger Dumas That Miscarried.

A curious and interesting bit of correspondence between Alexandre Dumas, father, and Alexandre Dumas, son, has been published in Paris by Georges Boyer, showing the two eminent Frenchmen had planned to write a theatrical piece together. Unfortunately the plan was not carried out, and the literary world was deprived maybe of a brilliant produciton. The letters read as follows:

PARIS, Oct. 7, 1865.

Alexandre Dumas, father, to Alexandre Dumas, son:

DEAR MASTER—After 30 years of struggle, defeats and victories, of failures and successes, I believe that, if not a great celebrity, I have at least the reputation of being a fruitful novelist. Only yesterday I received from Victor Hugo, in Guernsey, a letter full of encouragement and congratulations. I have the honor to belong to the Society of Authors and the Society of Dramatists. My modest claims to the first are: (Here follows a list of his most successful works.) Now, I beg, dear master, the honor of writing with you a drama in five acts, the ideas for which I shall discuss with you at our first meeting. The ideas are, I believe, in accordance with the tastes of the day. Will you agree?

ALEXANDRE DUMAS, Father.

The reply of the son was:

Alexandre Dumas, son, to Alexander Dumas, father:

DEAR MASTER—Your letter came to the correct address. The friendship, the love, the respect, the admiration which I have for my father make it my duty and pleasure to accept blindly your amiable offer. Be it so, therefore, we shall work together on some piece in five acts. To work with you, let me say, between us, will be no bad piece of business for me. ALEXANDRE DUMAS, Son.

CATCHING JEWFISH.

ANGLING FOR MARINE MONSTERS IN SAN DIEGO BAY.

The Process Is of the Progressive Kind. The Part Toothpicks Play—The Run With a Keg—Members of the Bass Family That Weigh Hundreds of Pounds.

Don't talk to a man from southern California about black bass fishing, or he will make your best bass story a feeble, pitiful thing. He will tell you of black bass that could swallow the biggest day's catch you ever made and take in your creel for dessert without as much as gulping. Voice a doubt, and the man from San Diego will pull from his fishing traps something that looks like a one fluked ship's anchor. That is what he fishes with for the strange, monstrous black bass in the bays and about the islands of the southern California coast. They don't call them black bass down there, though the fish commissioners say they are, and the naturalists have identified them by fins and bones and form with the gamy two and three pounders that make men fickle even to trout.

The men who catch these fish that sometimes weigh 1,000 pounds call them jewfish—a corruption of junefish. The last is a translation of one of their Mexican names. Probably they were called junefish from the fact that they are plentiful along the shores in the late spring and early summer. No matter how he got his name, the jewfish is a wonder. He looks like a bass fisherman's nightmare when they get him out of the water. Every fin and mark is there, magnified out of all proportion. His scales are as big as half dollars, his mouth is a gaping chasm, and the spikes of his dorsal fin are bigger than tenpenny nails.

The process of catching a jewfish is a progressive and interesting one. The fishers begin at the beginning. With bent pins or dip nets they look for minnows or sardelles. The quarry secured, it promptly becomes bait, and the concourse is treated to smelt fishing. Then comes the smelt's turn in the succession. He is impaled, and the fisherman, with a heavier rod and a larger hook, goes to the other side of the wharf for a halibut or a sea bass.

When the bait, dead or alive, is ready, the stoutest armed man on the wharf picks up the line. He swings the two or three pounds of bait around his head like an Indian does the bolas and hurls it seaward. The great line, as thick as a lead pencil, coils out after the hook, and that is nearly all until the fish comes along.

Incidentally toothpicks play quite a part in the fishing. Each fisherman takes a handful with him when he leaves the breakfast table. They stick one in a crack at the top of a pile and loosely loop the line around it. The shore part of the line is coiled on the wharf, and the end is fast to an empty powder keg or some such thing that will float well. On the toothpick is stuck a bit of white rag, and as half a dozen or a dozen lines are used at once there is a string of these little signal flags all along the dock. The fisherman has nothing more to do for awhile than to watch the flags. When one goes down, it means that something has taken the bait. After gathering in the barracouda heads or the impaled halibut the jewfish starts away like the locomotive on a fast express. Down goes the signal flag. Everybody around runs for the line. They know they can't hold the fish, but the resistance makes it harder for him and helps them to tire him out—the ultimate object. The great fish does not struggle at first, but moves steadily seaward, pulling the line through the men's hands. Occasionally, when the fish weighs less than 200 pounds, they can tire him out without paying out all of the line, but usually it all goes, and presently the struggle is transferred to the water. The empty powder keg bounces over the water most erratically, the men chase it in a boat, and when they catch it hold on. Then the real fun of jewfishing begins. It is just sport for a fish of any size to tow a whitehall around the bay, and it is pretty rough sailing in his wake. As soon as he realizes that there is a fight on the jewfish seems to forget that he is a staid bottom fish. All the steam of his black bass ancestors gets riley, and he plunges and turns, twists and strikes. Somewhere down in the cavern of his gullet he has an arrangement of bone like a couple of millstones, and when he discovers he cannot spit out the hook he tries to swallow it and grind the line apart, so the slack has to be carefully attended to. There are some tremendous fish in San Diego bay, and though the hooks are made of hand forged tool steel they have snapped many of them.

If everything goes well, if the hook holds and the fish does not grind the line, if he steers away from submerged buoy chains and docks, the fight must end in the death of the fish. Sometimes he tows the boat for three hours before his strength is gone and he is hauled to the surface. The death struggle is worst of all. The fish is dragged to the top and lies there, apparently all but dead. Then they drive a harpoon into him, and the sting of the steel starts all his life again. The harpoon line holds him near the surface, and he makes a great race for a little while, but, of course, it cannot last. At the end the fish is towed back to the dock, and there the floating population of San Diego is assembled. Everybody gets hold of a rope and hoists the giant fish upon the dock, and there the tired monster flounders, its mouth gaping like a tunnel and its eyes, big as baseballs, starting from their sockets.—San Francisco Examiner.

Two Points of View.

Wife—How people gaze at my new dress! I presume they wonder if I've been shopping in Paris.

Husband—More likely they wonder if I have been robbing a bank.—London Tit-Bits.

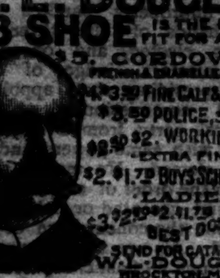
Woman Inventor's Prayer to Congress.

A unique petition has turned up on the house side among some old papers. The memorialist is a woman, and she asks congress to appropriate $500 to enable her to perfect and place upon the market sundry inventions, which she lacks means to secure patents upon. She says: "I have asked assistance from most every one I thought most likely to aid. I began on the common liner, went on to the thousanders, then to millionaires, governors and the president—not the present president—but I asked Brother Arthur. They all paid as deaf an ear to it as the Alps would to the chirp of a snowbird." She asks congress to "look into the patent office treasury and see if you can find an idle $500 that is doing no one any good. Bring it out and let me use it for a season. Money, like trees, yields more by being stirred about the roots."—Washington Post.

Von Bulow's Independence.

So far as the audience was concerned, Von Bulow always made a point of doing exactly as he pleased. On one occasion when a Leipzic audience insisted on recalling him in spite of his repeated refusal to play again he came forward and said, "If you do not stop this applause, I will play all Bach's 48 preludes and fugues from beginning to end."—San Francisco Argonaut.

Cape Conception, California, was called after one of the vessels in the fleet of Cortez.



W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE IS THE BEST. FIT FOR A KING.

$5. CORDOVAN, FRENCH & ENAMELLED CALF.

$4.$3.50 FINE CALF & KANGAROO.

$3.50 POLICE, 3 SOLES.

$2.50 $2. WORKINGMENS. EXTRA FINE.

$2. $1.75 BOYS SCHOOL SHOES.

LADIES.

$3. $2.50 $2. $1.75 BEST DONGOLA.

SEND FOR CATALOGUE W. L. DOUGLAS, BROCKTON, MASS.

Over One Million People wear the

W. L. Douglas $3 & $4 Shoes

All our shoes are equally satisfactory

They give the best value for the money. They equal custom shoes in style and fit. Their wearing qualities are unsurpassed. The prices are uniform,—stamped on sole. From $1 to $3 saved over other makes. If your dealer cannot supply you we can. Sold by H. VONGLAHN, Wilmington.

jan 1 5m tu th sa

JOHNSON & FORE

Cordially invite the readers of the STAR to attend their

OPENING

—OF—

SPRING

—AND—

SUMMER MILLINERY

—AND—

Dress Goods,

Wednesday Night, April 3

From 8 till 11 o'clock.

No. 111 Market Street.

mar 31 tf

When You Buy Your Goods Right

Make your small amount of change buy your needs and still have money left. You can do that by coming to see us. We furnish the goods at the right price and this little ad. will post you. Come and join yourself to the happy faces and lighthearted people that do their shopping at the One-Price, Spot Cash Store of Wilmington—the Racket Store. Our trade is extra good but we have room for you. One line of remnants is left at 8c per yard. We just sold one man 200 yards and he went off happy.

That big lot of kid gloves at 25c, 35c, 39c, 57c and 67c per pair has not all been sold, yet we can astonish you as to price and quality of kid and silk gloves. A job lot of Ladies' and Gents white kid gloves at 25c. Silk mits at 10c and 15c per pair. The nicest line of Dress Goods in the city, and if you do not believe it why come and see. We have a fine line of White Goods—Lawns, Shallies, Muslins, Linens, Embroidery and fine and cheap laces, all the new prints. 1000 cheap Window Shades, paper felt, spring roller fixtures, complete at 18c each or 25c a pair, 36x72 inches. Better goods at better prices.

We are still selling Fruit of the Loom at 6¼c per yard. 1-yard wide Columbus sheeting at 5c. Sea Island Cotton at 4c and 5c. We will have our Millinery Opening Thursday and Friday the 4th and 5th of April. We cordially invite one and all to call and give our store on three floors a look, get the prices and see the goods.

BRADDY & GAYLORD, Prop.,

Wilmington Big Racket Store.

mar 30 tf

J. W. Norwood, President. W. J. Toomer, Cashier.

Atlantic National Bank,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

With unsurpassed facilities for transacting business entrusted to it. this Bank offers all customers every accommodation consistent with legitimate Banking.

Loans Made at Minimun Rates On Approved Security.

No Interest Paid on Deposits.

Collections handled with promptness, accuracy and economy.

	March 5 1893.	March 5 1894.	March 5 1895.
Surplus and net profits,	$10,288	$26,928	$38,210
Premiums on U.S. Bonds,	4,768	3,618	None
Banking House, &c.,	15,621	15,600	14,600
Deposits,	185,840	566,210	611,061
Loans,	278,980	479,349	490,580

Dividends paid from March 5th, 1893, to March 5th, 1894—3 per cent.

Dividends paid from March 5th, 1894, to March 5th, 1895—6 per cent.

☞ Last installment of Capital paid in October, 1892.

march 29 tf

E. R. POTATOES.

25 bbls. Choice

Early Rose Potatoes.

D. L. GORE'S.

mar 21 D&W tf

The Southern Stock Mutual Insurance Co.,

—OF—

Greensboro, N. C.

Offers Cheaper Fire Insurance,

By making every policy-holder a sharer in the profits of the Company All profits except a reserve of ten per cent. are returned to the policy holders.

Capital, $100,000.00.

Subscribed by twenty capitalists, whose names represent over FIVE MILLIONS OF DOLLARS.

Policy-Holders are Non-Assessable.

DIRECTORS.

L. Banks Holt,	Bennehan Cameron
A. F. Page,	Thos. H. Holt,
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E. P. Wharton, Vice-President.
A. W. McAllister, Sec. & Treas.

When your policy expires see that it is renewed in the Southern Stock Mutual Insurance Company.

STEDMAN & WORTH, Agents, Wilmington, N. C.

feb 16 tf

UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA vs. Geo. W. Davis and E. K. Bryan.—By virtue of a decree of the Superior Court of New Hanover County made in the above-entitled cause, the undersigned commissioners will sell the following-described property, at the Court House door of New Hanover County, for cash, to the highest bidder, at 12 o'clock M., on April 19, 1895, to-wit—

1. A lot of land in the city of Wilmington beginning in the west line of Fourth street 66 feet south from the intersection of Fourth and Brunswick streets, thence west 165 feet, thence south 33 feet, thence east 165 feet, thence north 33 feet to the beginning.

2. Also a lot in said city beginning in the west line of Fourth street 99 feet south from the intersection of Fourth and Brunswick streets, runs west 165 feet, thence south 33 feet, thence east 165 feet, thence north 33 feet to the beginning.

3. Also a lot beginning in the east line of Third street 66 feet south from the intersection of Third and Brunswick streets, thence 165 feet, thence south 33 feet; thence west 165 feet, thence north 33 feet to the beginning.

4. Also a lot beginning in the eastern line of Third street 99 feet south from the intersection of Third and Brunswick streets, thence east 165 feet, thence south 33 feet, thence west 165 feet, thence north 33 feet to the beginning.

All of the above-described parcels of land being parts of Lot 2, Block 263 of the said city of Wilmington.

GEO. H. HOWELL, DAVID B. SUTTON, Commissioners.

March 19, 1895. mch 20 30t

The Giles & Murchison

Stock

—OF—

Hardware

Tinware Etc.,

To be Sold at a Great Reduction In Prices.

The undersigned has assumed the management of the sale of the entire Stock of the late firm of GILES & MURCHISON, which will be offered at prices which cannot fail to attract the attention of all close buyers.

Country Merchants

Will find it Greatly to their Interest to Get the List of Prices, As Goods will be SOLD CHEAPER THAN EVER BEFORE OFFERED, or probably ever will be again.

Retail trade desired, and all in want of any goods in our line are earnestly invited to call and avail themselves of the present opportunity to fill their wants

At Unheard-of Prices.

The Stock will be kept up to its former HIGH STANDARD, and NEW GOODS will arrive as often as occasion requires.

J. W. Murchison, Agent.

jan 1 tf

Do You Keep a Bank Account?

THE

WILMINGTON SAVINGS & TRUST CO

WILMINGTON, N. C.

Will Pay You 4 Per Cent. Interest, and You can Draw Your Money When Needed.

Be sure and save something every month. If you are afraid of banks, or have valuable papers or Jewels, rent a Safety Deposit Box in our fire and burglar-proof safe.

We will take pleasure in explaining our system to any man, woman or child wishing to deposit.

Loans made on any good security at minimum rates.

We Have Near 4,000 Depositors.

"Ready money is a remedy for many ills."
"Little and often fills the purse,"
"A good beginning is a thing half done."

march 29 tf

Geo. Mather's Sons Company,

Established 1816.

Printing Ink & Varnish Manufacturers

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Old Newspapers.

YOU CAN BUY OLD NEWSPAPERS, in quantities to suit,

At Your Own Price,

At the STAR Office,

Suitable for WRAPPING PAPER, and Excellent for Placing Under Carpets.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT MARCH 25, 1895.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTHBOUND.

DAILY 9.20 A M No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 10.56 a m, Warsaw 11.10 a m, Goldsboro 12.05 a m, Wilson 1.00 p m, Rocky Mount 2.38 p m, Tarboro 2.48 p m, Weldon 3.48 p m, Petersburg 5.43 p m, Richmond 6.45 p m, Norfolk 6.05 p m, Washington 11.10 p m, Baltimore 12.48 a m, Philadelphia 3.45 a m, New York 6.53 a m, Boston 3.00 p m.

DAILY 7.00 P M No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.31 p m, Warsaw 8.45 p m, Goldsboro 9.10 p m, Wilson 10.27 p m, Tarboro 6.58 a m, Rocky Mount 12.07 p m, Weldon 12.55 a m, Norfolk 10.25 a m, Petersburg 2.39 a m, Richmond 3.40 a m, Washington 7.00 a m, Baltimore 8.20 a m, Philadelphia 10.46 a m, New York 1.23 p m, Boston 8.30 p m.

SOUTHBOUND:

DAILY 8.30 P M No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.45 p m, Chadbourn 5.17 p m, Marion 6.24 p m, Florence 7.00 p m, Atkin 8.09 p m, Sumter 8.36 p m, Columbia 10.00 p m, Denmark 6.18 a m, Augusta 8.00 a m, Macon 11.00 a m, Atlanta 12.15 p m, Charleston 11.18 p m, Savannah 1.19 a m, Jacksonville 7.00 a m, St. Augustine 12.00 noon, Tampa 5.20 p m.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.30 P M No. 47—Passenger—Leave Boston 1.00 p m, New York 9.00 p m, Philadeldhia 12.08 a m, Baltimore 2.50 a m, Washington 4.30 a m, Richmond 9.10 a m, Petersburg 9.50 a m, Norfolk 8.40 a m, Weldon 11.53 a m, Tarboro 12.20 p m, Rocky Mount 1.05 p m, Wilson 2.06 p m, Goldsboro 2.55 p m, Warsaw 3.49 p m, Magnolia 4.02 a m.

DAILY 10.00 a m No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 11.00 p m, New York 9.00 a m, Philadelphia 11.38 a m, Baltimore 2.13 p m, Washington 3.30 p m, Richmond 7.11 p m, Petersburg 7.54 p m, †Norfolk 2.10 p m, Weldon 9.27 p m, †Tarboro 5.50 p m, Rocky Mount 10.30 p m, arrive Wilson 11.03 p m, leave Wilson 6.35 a m, Goldsboro 7.20 a m, Warsaw 8.16 a m, Magnolia 8.29 a m.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 11 50 A m No. 56—Passenger—Leave Tampa 9.30 a m, Sanford 1.50 a m, Jacksonville 6.20 p m, Savannah 12.00 night, Charleston 4.15 a m, Columbia 5.20 a m, Atlanta 7.15 a m, Macon 9.00 a m, Augusta 2.10 p m, Denmark 4.37 p m, Sumter 6.43 a m, Atkins 7.04 a m, Florence 8.25 a m, Marion 9.06 a m, Chadbourn 10.10 a m, Lake Waccamaw 10.39 a m.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3.48 p m, Halifax 4.00 p m, arrive Scotland Neck 4.55 p m, Greenville 6.37 p m, Kinston 7.35 p m. Returning, leaves Kinston 7.20 a m, Greenville 8.22 a m, Arriving Halifax at 11.00 a m, Weldon 11.20 a m, daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 7.00 a m., arrive Parmele 8.40 a m., Tarboro 9.50; am returning leaves Tarboro 4.50 p m; Parmele 6.10 p, m arrives Washington 7.35 p. m. Daily except Sunday Connects at Parmele with trains on Scotland Neck Branch.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, at 4.59 p m; Sunday 3.30 p m; arrive Plymouth 9.00 p m, 5.20 p m. Returning leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday 6.00 a m, Sunday 9.30 a m; Arrive Tarboro 10.25 a m and 11.45 p m.

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 6.05 a m; arrive Smithfield N. C., 7.30 a m. Returning, leaves Smithfield, N. C., 8.00 a m; arrive Goldsboro, N. C., 9.30 a m.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4.30 p m, arrives Nashville 5.05 p m, Spring Hope 5.30 p m. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 8 a m, Nashville 8.35 a m; arrive Rocky Mount 9.05 a m, daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton Daily except Sunday at 4.10 p m; returning leave Clinton at 7.20 a m., connecting at Warsaw with main line trains.

Trains on South and North Carolina Railroad leave Atkins at 9.40 a m and 6.30 p m, arrive Lucknow 11.10 a m and 8 p. m; returning leave Lucknow 6.45 a m and 4.20 p m; arrive Atkins 8.15 a m and 5.50 p m.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 8.40 a m, arrive Latta 9.01 a m, Dunbar 7.50 p m, Dillon 9.17 a m. Leave Dillon 6.15 p m, Dunbar 6.20 a m, Latta 6.31 p m, arrive Pee Dee 6.53 pm, daily except Sunday.

Wilmington and Conway Railroad, leave Hub at 8.15 a m, Chadbourn 9.00 a m, arrive Conway at 1.45 p m, leave Conway 2.30 p m, Chadbourn 5.35 p m, arrive Hub 6.20 p m, Daily except Sunday.

Cheraw and Darlington Railroad leave Florence 8.15 a m, 9.00 a m, 9.00 p m, arrive Darlington 8.55 a m, 9.35 a m, 9.25 p m, Hartsville 10.15 p m, Cheraw, S. C., 11.15 a m, Wadesboro 1.10 p m, leave Wadesboro 2.10 p m, Cheraw 3.45 p m, Hartsville 4.30 a m, Darlington 6.05 p m, 4.30 p m, 5.35 a m, arrive Florence 6.45 p m, 5 p m, 6 a m. Daily except Sunday.

Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 5.50 p m, Manning 6.21 p m, arrive Lane's 7 p m, leave Lanes 8.38 a m, Manning 9.15 a m. arrive Sumter 9.44 a m. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lanes 9.30 a m, 7.10 p m, arrive Georgetown 12 m, 8.30 p m, leave Georgetown 7 a m, 3 p m, arrive Lanes 8.25 a m, 5.25 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 2.03 p m, 11.03 p m, arrive Selma 2.53 p m, Smithfield 3.03 p m, Dunn 3.44 p m, Fayetteville 4.30 p m, 12.53 a m, Rowland 6.00 p m, leave Rowland 9.35 a m, Fayetteville 10.55 a m, 9.35 p m, Dunn 11.44 a m, Smithfield 12.25 a m, Selma 12.32 a m, arrive Wilson 1.20 p m, 11.28 p m.

Trains lve Pregnall's 8.30 a m, Summerton 9.48 a m, Sumter 10.35 a m, Darlington 11.55 a m, Bennettsville 12.43 p m, arrive Hamlet 1.40 p m. Returning leave Hamlet 2.10 p m, Bennettsville 3.00 p m, Darlington 3.52 p m., Sumter 5.11 p m. Summerton 5.58 p m, arrive Pregnall's 7.21 p m.

H. M. EMERSON, Ass't Gen'l Passenger Agent.

J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.

T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager. mar 26 tf

W., N. & N. Railway.

In Effect Sunday, Jan. 27, 1895.

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

North Bound 4	North Bound 2	Stations.	South Bound 1	South Bound 3
P M	A M	—Wilmington—	M	P M
3 30	7 00	Lv.. Mulberry street ..Ar	12 00	7 00
	7 15	Lv....Surry street....Ar		6 50
4 22	10 17	Lv..Jacksonville Lv	10 07	4 30
4 54	10 57	Lv..Maysville..........Lv	9 34	3 20
5 08	11 18	Lv..Pollocksville......Lv	9 20	3 00
5 45	12 00	Ar..Newbern Lv	8 45	2 20
P M	M		A M	P M

Trains 1 and 4 make close connection with trains on A. & N. C. R. R. for Morehead City and Beaufort.

Steamers on New River leave Jacksonville at 7.30 a m; returning leave Marine's 12 m, arriving at Jacksonville 8.00 p m, connecting with trains 4 and 3.

H. A. WHITING, General Manager.

J. W. MARTENIS, Traffic Manager. jan 29 tf

W. E. SPRINGER & CO.,

Purcell Building, Wilmington, N. C

Importers and Jobbers

American, English And German

Hardware

Tinware, Earthenware, Cutlery, Guns, Ammunition &c.

sep 23 tf

OLD NEWSPAPERS FOR SALE AT THIS office. Suitable for wrapping paper.

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley Railway Co.

JOHN GILL, Receiver.

CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

IN EFFECT FEB. 17, 1895

South Bound Daily No. 1	Main Line.	North Bound Daily No. 2.
7 55 p. m	Ar... Wilmington ...Lve	7 25 a. m
4 45 "	Lv... Fayetteville ...Ar	10 35 "
4 33 "	Ar .. Fayetteville ... Lv	10 55 "
4 28 "	Ar Fayetteville Junc Lv	10 58 "
3 17 "	Lv .... Sanford ...... Ar	12 18 "
1 32 "	Lv......Climax.......Lv	2 20 p. m
1 01 "	Lv....Greensboro.... Ar	2 50 "
12 58 "	Ar....Greensboro.... Lv	3 00 "
12 13 "	Lv....Stokesdale.... Ar	3 55 "
11 45 a m	Lv...Walnut Cove... Ar	4 25 "
11 35 "	Ar..Walnut Cove.... Lv	4 33 "
11 06 "	Lv....Rural Hall... Lv	5 01 "
9 45 "	Lv.....Mt Airy..... Ar	6 25 "

South Bound Daily No 3.	Bennettsville Division.	North Bound Daily No. 4.
7 55 p m	Ar...Bennettsville...Lv	7 00 a. m.
6 20 "	Lv.......Maxton.. .. Lv	8 07 "
5 40 "	Lv...Red Springs....Lv	8 46 "
4 59 "	Lv....Hope Mills....Lv	9 41 "
4 38 "	Lv....Fayetteville... Ar	10 05

South Bound Daily except Sunday. No. 15. Mixed.	Factory and Madison Branches.	North Bound Daily except Sunday. No. 16. Mixed.
5 40 p m	Ar..... Ramseur Lv	6 50 a. m.
4 00 "	Lv ..... Climax Lv	8 35 "
3 05 "	Lv ... Greensboro. .. Ar	9 20 "

North Bound.	No. 16. Mixed. daily ex sun
Leave Greensboro........................	9 35 a. m
Leave Stokesdale........................	10 55 "
Arrive Madison..........................	11 15 "

South Bound.	No. 15. Mixed. daily ex sun
Leave Madison...........................	12 25 p m
Leave Stokesdale........................	1 27 "
Arrive Greensboro.......................	2 38 "

NORTH-BOUND CONNECTIONS.

Trains Nos. 2 and 4 make close connection at Fayetteville Junction with the Atlantic Coast Line for all points North and East. Train No. 2 connects at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line, North and Southbound, and at Greensboro with the Richmond & Danville Railroad, North and South-bound, and at Walnut Cove with the Norfolk & Western R. R. for Winston-Salem. Train No 16 connects at Madison with Norfolk & Western Railroad for Roanoke and all points North and West.

SOUTH-BOUND CONNECTIONS.

Train No. 1 makes close connection at Walnut Cove with the Norfolk & Western Railroad for Roanoke and all points North and West.; and at Greensboro with the Richmond & Danville Railroad, North and South-bound, and at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line for all Points North and South, and at Fayetteville Junction with Atlantic Coast Line for Charleston Jacksonville, and all Florida points. Train No. 3 connects at Maxton with the Seaboard Air Line for Charlotte, Atlanta and all points South.

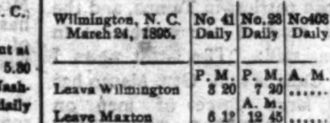
W. E. KYLE, Gen'l Passenger Agent.

J. W. FRY, Gen'l Manager.

feb 17 tf

SEABOARD AIR LINE

Carolina Central R. R.



CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

WESTBOUND TRAINS.

Wilmington, N. C. March 24, 1895.	No 41 Daily	No. 23 Daily	No 403 Daily		
	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.	......	
Leave Wilmington	3 20	7 20	......	......	
		A. M.			
Leave Maxton	6 12	12 45	......	......	
Arrive Hamlet	7 00	2 05	......	......	
Leave Hamlet	7 05	2 50	7 54	......	
Leave Wadesboro	7 55	4	8 26	......	
Arrive Monroe	8 55	5 50	9 22	......	
Leave Monroe	9 20	6 30	9 37	......	
Arrive Charlotte	10 10	7 45	10 25	......	
Leave Charlotte			10 25	......	
Leave Lincolnton			11 47	......	
			P. M.	......	
Leave Shelby			12 42	......	
Arr Rutherfordton			2 10	......	

EASTBOUND TRAINS.

	No. 38 Daily	No. 26 Daily	No 402 Daily	
	A. M.	P M	P. M.	
Lve Rutherfordton	......	......	4 25	
Leave Shelby	......	......	5 58	
Leave Lincolnton	......	......	6 55	
Arrive Charlotte	......	......	8 20	
Leave Charlotte	5 50	6 50	8 20	
Arrive Monroe	6 30	10 45	9 0	
Leave Monroe	6 50	11 05	9 15	
Leave Wadesboro	7 48	12 43	9 54	
		A. M.		
Arrive Hamlet	8 40	2 05	10 34	
Leave Hamlet	8 45	2 30		
Leave Maxton	9 28	3 30		
	P. M.			
Arrive Wilmington	12 30	8 05		

Schedule Between Wilmington and Raleigh.

Leave Wilmington	3.20 p m	7.20 p m
Arrive Raleigh	1.26 a m	12.05 a m
Leave Raleigh	5.23 a m	8.40 p m
Arrive Wilmington	12.30 p m	8.05 a m

Schedule between Wilmington and Atlanta.

Leave Wilmington	3.20 p m	7.20 p m
Arrive Atlanta	5 20 a m	4 09 p m
Leave Atlanta	9.15 p m	1.00 p m
Arrive Wilmington	12.30 p m	8 05 a m

Sleepers on 25 and 26 between Wilmington and Charlotte.

Close connection at Athens by No. 25 for Macon, and close connection at Atlanta by Nos. 25 and 41 for Mobile, New Orleans, Nashville and all Southern, Western and Northwestern points.

Close connection by 25 and 41 for Augusta.

Nos. 403 and 402, "Atlanta Special," fast vestibule, daily for all points North, South and West.

Connections made at Lincolnton for Western N. C. points.

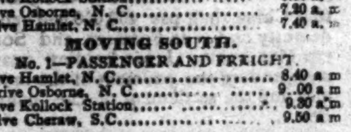
Junction Points—At Maxton with C F & Y V; at Wadesboro with Cheraw & Salisbury R R; at Hamlet with R & A, C S & N, and Palmetto Railway. at Monroe with G C & N; at Charlotte with R & D system; at Lincolnton with C & L Narrowgage, and at Shelby and Rutherfordton with the Three C's.

For information as to rates, schedules, &c, apply to THOS. D. MEARES, Agent S A L. Wilmington, N C.

V. E. McBEE, Supt, Trans.

E. St. JOHN, Vice-President.
JNO. H. WINDER, Gen'l Mrg.
T. J. ANDERSON, Gen'l Pass. Agt. jan 20 tf

PALMETTO RAILROAD CO.



To Take Effect on Sept. 23, 1894.

MOVING NORTH.

No. 2—PASSENGER AND FREIGHT.

Leave Cheraw, S. C.	6.30 a m
Leave Kollock Station	6.50 a m
Leave Osborne, N. C.	7.20 a m
Arrive Hamlet, N. C.	7.40 a m

MOVING SOUTH.

No. 1—PASSENGER AND FREIGHT.

Leave Hamlet, N. C.	8.40 a m
Arrrive Osborne, N. C.	9..00 a m
Leave Kollock Station	9.30 a m
Arrive Cheraw, S.C.	9.50 a m

Close connection made at Hamlet with trains North South, East and West.

sep 25 tf MONCURE, Supt.

CHOICE

Seed Potatoes.

HOULTON

EARLY ROSE.

Red Rust Proof Oats

COFFEE, SUGAR, FLOUR,

Meat, Salt,

MOLASSES, &c., &c.

WORTH & WORTH.

jan 17 tf

Cotton Mills

A SPECIALTY. THEIR ORGANIZATION Equipment and Construction arranged. Plans, specifications and Superintendence furnished for all kinds of Textile Mills. Mill sites and powers examined and reported upon. ARTHUR F. GRAY, Mill Architect and Engineer, Exchange Building, 53 State St., jan 24 1m Boston, Mass.

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SUNDAY MORNING, APRIL 2, 1895

SPOTS AND FUTURES

New York Sun's Review of the Cotton Market—New Orleans Crop Statement.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, April 1.—The *Sun* says: Cotton rose five to six points, but reacted later and closed barely steady with early months one to two points lower, and some of the next crop months one to two points higher. May was one point below July and August instead of being at a premium of two or three points as heretofore, and it was only one point above June. There is a movement on foot to have the New York Cotton Exchange closed on Friday and the day following. This is usually done because Liverpool always closes on Good Friday. Silver advanced ¼d. in London and then lost part of the improvement. It was 1¼c. higher here. Fall River did a large business last week, the sales of print cloths being 870,000 pieces. Here in New York the cotton goods market is in a much better position than recently. Liberal sales of brown sheetings and drills have been reported. The signs in the industrial world generally are more favorable. Liverpool advanced one and-a-half to three points for futures and 1 32d. on the spot, with sales of 12,000 bales. Spot cotton here was dull and unchanged. In Manchester yarns were quiet and firm and cloths quiet. Port receipts today 18,818, against 17,968 this day last week and 8,195 last year. Exports from the ports were 7,319 bales to Great Britain and 13,436 to the continent. The Southern spot markets were generally quiet, firm and unchanged. Norfolk and Augusta advanced 1-16c and Baltimore ¼c. New Orleans advanced 8 to 9 points but lost most of it. Estimated receipts to-morrow 8,000 to 9,000 bales. Bombay receipts for the half week were 26,000 bales, against 29,000 for the same time last year.

To-day's features: Long liquidation of May and August carried prices down a little to-day in the latter trading, though early in the session there was further advance, owing to a rise in Liverpool, a further advance in silver, favorable advices from Manchester and an estimated reduction in the acreage in Louisiana during the coming season of about 25 per cent. Many are not surprised at the reaction to-day, who, nevertheless, believe that the general tendency of cotton is upward.

CUBA'S REVOLUTION.

Reports Concerning Movements of the Patriots—Gen. Maceo Has a Large Force, Well Drilled and Disciplined.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

TAMPA, FLA., April 1.—In an interview with the *Times-Union's* correspondent to-night Col. F. Figuerdo, leader of the Cuban patriots in Tampa, and the recognized head of the movement in this section, said: "The latest news I have from Cuba is that Gen. Maceo has landed a large force of men on the island, together with 3,000 rifles, ammunition and army stores But at what point the landing was effected I am not informed. He has a large force, with thirty-seven officers and his men are well drilled and disciplined. General Maceo captured a convoy, taking several hundred men prisoners, besides securing one hundred mules and a large lot of valuable munitions of war. This is the latest fact. I know there are all sorts of rumors flying about, but what I have stated are the simple facts as they exist according to our best information. I would advise very little credence to be placed in highly colored and sensational newspaper reports. We shall learn more fully just what is being done upon the arrival of the steamer from Havana to-morrow morning."

Gonzales Quesada, secretary of the Cuban movement in the United States, who is the guest of Col. Figuerdo and Enrique Collozo, a Cuban leader from New York, also here, express the same opinion, substantially, as Col. Figuerdo. Col. Figuerdo, Secretary Quesada, Enrique Colosso and Dr. Gominus will go to Jacksonville Wednesday and will address a mass meeting on Thursday night.

BASE BALL.

The Record of Games Played Yesterday.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHARLESTON, S. C., April 1st.—Pittsburg and Washington played here to-day. The game was not distinguished for its brilliancy. Score: Pittsburg 10; Washington 7.

ATLANTA, GA., April 1st.—The Orioles defeated the Atlantas to day by a score of 22 to 1. They were in fine trim and batted in great style.

CHARLOTTE, N. C., April 1st.—The University of North Carolina team held the bean-eaters down nicely until the sixth inning when Stivetts was put in the box and the boys became rattled. Score: Boston 17; University of N. C. 8.

AUGUSTA, GA., April 1.—A fair sized crowd witnessed a closely contested game of base ball between the two teams of the Brooklyn club to-day. Score: Regulars. 5; Colts, 7.

CHINA AND JAPAN.

The Conditions of Peace Demanded by Japan.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LONDON, April 1.—A *Central News* dispatch from Shanghai says it is reported that the conditions of peace are that China shall pay 400,000,000 yen indemnity and cede Formosa and Southern Manchuria. Japan holding guarantees pending the payment of the indemnity and the settlement of the boundaries.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, April 1.—Spirits turpentine dull and weak at 33½@34c. Rosin quiet and steady; strained common to good $1 57½@1 60.

CHARLESTON, April 1—Spirits turpentine firm, nothing doing; receipts 8 casks. Rosin firm; good strained $1 15; receipts 155 barrels.

SAVANNAH, April 1.—Spirits turpentine dull at 32c for regulars; sales — casks; receipts 236 casks; stock 9,589 casks. Rosin quoted firm and unchanged; sales 400 barrels.

Royal Baking Powder

Absolutely Pure

A cream of tartar baking powder. Highest of all in leavening strength. —*Latest United States Government Food Report.*

Royal Baking Powder Co.,

106 Wall Street, N. C.

WASHINGTON NEWS.

SENSATIONAL INFORMATION WITH RESPECT TO THE CUBAN REVOLUTION.

An Official Exhibition of American Interest in the Nicaragua Canal to be Made—Southern Railway Co. vs. Seaboard Air Line—Bold Burglars—Gov. McKinley—Treasury Statement.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, April 1.—Information of a somewhat sensational character has been received in Washington within the past twenty-four hours with respect to the rebellion in Cuba. The officials interested have been informed from sources which they deem entirely reliable, that a prominent Eastern ship-building firm has agreed to furnish the insurgents a torpedo boat at an early day, which will be used to destroy the Spanish war vessels now cruising in Cuban waters. Notification to the State Department came from the Spanish Legation.

President Cleveland has determined that an official exhibition of American interest in the Nicaraguan Canal, which was authorized by the last session of Congress, shall be promptly made, and the Government commission to examine the Canal route, for which the Sundry Civil Appropriation bill made $30,000 immediately available, is to be sent to Greytown as soon as possible on a United States war vessel to emphasize the concern of this Government in the enterprise of American citizens who have been acting under a charter granted by Congress in 1889. The programme of the Administration's action in the premises was agreed upon at last Friday's Cabinet meeting, when Secretaries Lamont and Herbert were directed to select a member of the corps of army engineers and one of the naval civil engineers, respectively, who, with a civilian to be selected in a day or two, will constitute the Board of Engineers charged with "ascertaining the feasibility, permanence and cost of construction and completion" of the Nicaraguan canal, which "shall visit and personally inspect the route of said canal, examine and consider the plans, profile, prisms, and specifications for its various parts, and report thereon to the President "on or before May 1st" next. It was also decided that the army should have the ranking officer of the board, and Secretary Lamont selected Colonel William P. Craighill for the chairmanship. Colonel Craighill was the last President of the American Society of Civil Engineers, and the weight of his opinion upon the canal project would be convincing beyond that of any other man who could be appointed on the board. Secretary Herbert chose Civil Engineer Mordecai T. Endicott, whose relative rank of Lieutenant Commander is but a degree below that of Mr. Craighill and who is second officer on the civil engineer's list of the navy, a man of high professional attainments and an authority upon naval works ashore. The President has not yet announced the civilian member, but Col. J. A. Montgomery, of Birmingham, Ala., who has been prominent in the construction of Southern railroads, is said to be the leading candidate.

As soon as the President completes the board it will organize in Washington and go to New York, where the plans, specifications and contracts of the canal company will be closely scrutinized The party will then go to Mobile and embark on the Montgomery, which has been detailed for the duty of conveying the party to Greytown, and which will remain there as long as their stay lasts, furnishing them a marine guard as well as boats and steam launches and lending them the moral support of the United States flag.

The Southern Railway Company, which has been observing the long and short haul clause of the Inter-State Commerce law, has applied to the Inter-State Commission for relief under that clause so that it may be able to meet the low passenger rates of the Seaboard Air Line to Atlanta and other places without making corresponding rate reductions to intermediate stations. The commission will hear all parties interested and investigate the matter at its office in Washington, D. C., on Saturday, April 6, 1895, at 10 o'clock a. m.

The office of the Washington Steamboat Company on Seventh near N street, southwest, was entered by burglars about 1 o'clock this morning. The watchman, James Fornshow, was bucked and gagged by the robbers, who then blew one safe open and opened another by the combination, getting from both about $800 in money and many valuable papers. Three men were concerned in the robbery. No clues exist as to their identity.

An increase of $9,487,750 in National bank note circulation during the month of March is shown by the monthly statement issued by Comptroller Eckles to-day, making the total stand at $209,450,144 on April 1.

Gov. McKinley started for Columbus, Ohio, this evening. The Governor says he has made only three other appointments—one to speak in Ottawa, Kansas, one in Atlanta, Georgia, and one at some other point—and that representations sent out that he was planning a "swing around the circle" were entirely unjustifiable.

The official Treasury statement issued to-day shows that during the month of March the excess of expenditures over receipts was $946,882. The receipts were $637,778 greater than in March, 1894, and the expenditures $5,490,608 less than in last March.

The President to-day re-commissioned the following postmasters, whose offices, formerly fourth-class, have now become presidential: Sidney B. Connor, Live Oak, Fla.; Wm. F. Marshall, Gastonia, N. C.

The Secretary of the Interior has approved two clear lists of 67,580 acres in the Jackson, Miss., land district, selected by the State as inuring to the benefit of the Gulf and Ship Island Railroad.

NEW YORK, April 1.—The Southern Railway Company reports for February gross earnings of $1,356,458, a decrease of $191,834; expenses $967,612, decrease, $169,360; and net $388,846, decrease $49,474, and from July 1st to February 28th, gross $11,498,594, increase $333,333; expenses, $7,557,636, decrease $169,559, and net $3,941,348, increase $492,993.

OHIO ELECTION.

Result Conceded to be a Republican Victory.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, April 1.—Advices to the *Tribune* show that to-day's election brought out a large vote in Columbus, Cleveland, Toledo and Hamilton and in a few smaller cities. Reports are not in and majorities not given. In the majority of places the vote was light. It was the first election where women could vote, and the privilege was taken advantage of generally. In most instances where women were candidates for the school board they were elected. The results in the State can be considered a Republican victory. No disturbances of consequence are reported.

The Modern Way

Commends itself to the well informed, to do pleasantly and effectually what was formerly done in the crudest manner and disagreeably as well. To cleanse the system and break up colds, headaches and fevers without unpleasant after effects, use the delightful liquid laxative remedy. Syrup of Figs.

Don't miss the grand Spring opening at Taylor's Bazaar April 4th and 5th.

THE LAST OF THE SUMMARIES.

TWO OF THE MOST IMPORTANT LAWS.

The Revenue and County Government Acts Boiled Down and Put in Good Shape for Perusal and Understanding.

[*Charlotte Observer.*]

RALEIGH, March 29.—Summaries of the revenue act and county government act follow. These constitute the final installment of the series of summaries of recent laws which the *Observer* has been furnishing its readers for the past two weeks.

No. 466.—An act to raise revenue. Except as especially noted this act is the same in substance as the revenue act of 1893.

SCHEDULE A.

Section 2. Increases the poll tax from $1.24 to $1.29 with the same exemptions.

Sec. 3. Provides as follows for State purposes 21 ⅗ cents, 8⅕ cents for pensions, 18 cents for public schools, making 48 cents on every hundred dollars of real and personal property. Act of 1893 makes the total 41⅗ cents.

Sec. 4. Provides for taking stock of building and loan associations just as bank stock is taxed. Taxes must be paid directly by the cashiers of banks and building and loan associations.

Sec. 5. Increases tax on gross incomes from "other sources" from 1-5 of 1 per cent. to ¼ of 1 per cent. on the excess over $1,000 to $5,000; from ¼ of 1 per cent. to ⅓ of 1 per cent. on the excess over $5,000 to $10,000 from ⅓ of 1 per cent. on the excess over $10,000 to $30,000 to 1 per cent.; from 1 to 2 per cent. on the excess over $90,000.

SCHEDULE B.

Sec. 15. Increasing tax on "gift enterprises" from $10 to $90.

Sec. 16. Tax on billard tables, etc., kept in connection with a bar decreased from $75 to 50. On other billiard tables for public use tax increased from $15 to $25.

Sec. 18, Changes tax on ferry, toll-bridge, etc., from $5 and ¼ of 1 per cent. of gross receipts to 2 per cent on gross receipts.

Sec. 20. Places a tax on dealers in cigars, cehroots, manufacted chewing and smoking tobacco and cigaretts of five cents per thousand on cigars, cheroots and cigaretts, one-half cent a pound on manufactured tobacco. No purchase tax to be paid upon the articles named in this section. (Does not apply to manufacturers.)

Sec. 23. Provides that every person who shall buy for the purpose of selling spirituous, vinous or malt liquors, drugs and seeds shall in addition to ad valorem tax on his stock pay as a license 2 per cent. on the total amount of his purchase, etc.

All druggists dealing in spirituous, vinous or malt liquors shall on or before June 1st obtain a license by paying $50 to State Treasurer, and druggist who allows liquor to be drank in place of business shall be subject to all the taxes required by dealers in liquors, and violating said provision shall be guilty of a misdemeanor. This act shall not authorise any druggist to sell liquor except upon prescription.

Sec. 33. Provides that any person carrying a wagon, etc., for the purpose of exhibiting or delivering wares shall be considered a peddler.

Sec. 35. Omits the proviso exempting from the payment of license tax resident dealers in pianos and organs who pay a property and purchase tax.

Sec. 37. Reduces tax on itinerant lightning rod dealers from $50 to $20.

Sec. 38. Increases tax on clock and stove peddlers from $50 to $100.

Sec. 39. Provides that if any general agent shall exhibit to the Secretary of State a sworn statement that at least one-quarter of the entire assets of his principal are invested in and are maintained in any or all of the following securities, viz: bonds of this State, or bonds and mortgages on real property in this State, the tax shall be only 1 per cent. on the gross receipts.

Sec. 53. Permits the selling by person manufacturing on his premises, or within 100 yards thereof, of spirits in quantities not less than one quart.

Sec. 54. For this section substitute: a tax of 50 cents on each bed-room kept for pay in all hotels and lodging houses.

Sec. 55. For this section substitute: a tax of $10 on all practicing lawyers, doctors and dentists, provided no city, county or town shall levy any additional tax on said professions.

Sec. 56. For section 86 read: Every private business corporation (railroad bonds and insurance companies excepted) shall pay a franchise tax on capital stock according to the amount thereof; on $35,000 or less $5, on $35,000 and less than $50,000, $10, etc. "Capital stock" defined to be authorized amount of said stock whether issued or not. Penalty for failure to pay franchise tax forfeiture of charter.

SCHEDULE C.

Sec. 43 of act 1895. Provides that all fees for seals of different departments, including those collected by private secretary of Governor, be paid into the State Treasury.

MACHINERY ACT.

Sub-section 6 of sec. 16 of this act provides that all foreign building and loan associations shall by their secretary or treasurer list for taxation its stock held by citizens of this State in the county, city or town where owner of said stock resides. That in listing said stock for taxation the withdrawal value as fixed by the by-laws shall be furnished the list-taker and the stock shall be valued for taxation or other moneyed investments of citizens of this State. Any officer or agent failing to give such information shall be barred from doing further business and shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

Sec. 29. Limits the authority of commissioners as to valuing and assessing real property not before assessed to the period of five years.

May add to the taxes on personal property for any year the simple taxes for years when said property was untaxed for five years back. Provision of this section apply also to cities and towns.

COUNTY GOVERNMENT ACT.

No. 308—An act to amend chapter 17 of the first volume of The Code and restore to the people of North Carolina local self-government.

Sec. 1. Amends above chapter of Code by abolishing election of County Commissioners by justices of peace, concurrent action of the justices in levying taxes and performing other duties in conjunction with commissioners, etc.

Sec. 2. Strikes out proviso limiting commissioners' power to expend for bridges partly in one county and partly in another more than $500 without the concurrence of a majority of the justices.

Sec. 3. Sub-section 28, section 707. As to accepting bonds etc., of county officers-elect, amended as follows, viz: If bond held to be sufficiet by commissioner, officer-elect may appeal to Superior Court judge riding that district or resident judge as he may choose; appeal to be heard within ten days; if bound shall be held sufficient by judge he shall order board of commissioners to accept it and qualify officers if bond held be sufficient appellant shall have ten days to perfect it: if both original and additional bonds have been held insufficient, judge shall declare office vacant and vacancy shall be filled by appointment of Superior Court clerk until clerk's office declared vacant and then the judge shall appoint.

Sec. 4. Section 716 of Code repealed and provides for the election by the people of three commissioners at the general election in 1896 and every two years thereafter.

Sec. 5. Upon the affidavit of five electors before the clerk that they believe that the business of the county will be improperly handled if left in the hands of the three commissioners elected, and on petition of 300 electors, judge of district or judge presiding shall appoint two additional commissioners of different political party from a majority of the board with same powers and duties as those elected. No money shall be paid upon the order of said board. No official bond accepted or debt incurred except upon the concurrence of four of the board. An aye and no vote shall be taken upon all financial questions.

Sec. 6. Section 717 requiring justices of the peace to meet annually, etc., repealed.

Sec. 7 amends section 719 of the Code, and gives the Clerk of the Superior Court power to fill vacancies on the Board of Commissioners.

Sec. 8 repeals conflicting laws.

WARM WIRELETS.

The City Council of Richmond, Va., has set apart $10,500 to purchase a site for a monument to Gen. J. E. B. Stuart, the great Confederate cavalry leader.

The Commercial Bank of Stevens Point, Wis., owing to an extended run, closed its doors yesterday morning. The assets are put at $100,000 and the liabilities $60,000.

The arrival of the United States Cruiser San Francisco at Palermo, the Marblehead at Gibraltar, and the Mohican at Seattle, were reported at the Navy Department yesterday.

Carl Priem, who was the first witness to furnish the Lexow investigation committee with testimony regarding police corruption in New York, was found dead in his room in that city yesterday, having committed suicide by taking poison.

The New England mill men left Portsmouth, Va., yesterday. Stops will be made at Charlotte, Henrietta, Weldon and Raleigh in North Carolina, and at Chester, Greenwood, Columbia, Clifton, Pacilet, Piedmont and Pelzer in South Carolina.

A Rocky Mount, N. C., dispatch says, Mr. J. A. Henderson committed suicide by taking laudanum yesterday. The act was the final result of several days drinking. Henderson was a son of J. A. Henderson, of Danville, Va., and was employed by J. W. Hines.

The postoffice at South Omaha, Neb., was broken open Sunday night and robbed of over $3,000 in cash, registered letters and stamps. The safe was drilled and the lock picked and after its contents had been rifled it was locked and the combination changed.

Mrs. W. H. Williams, wife of a real estate man of Grove City, Ohio, registered at the Park Hotel, Columbus, Ohio, with her three children. The two youngest, aged 3 and 6 years, were found dead with their throats cut. The woman told the older child she was going to drown herself in the river. Nothing has since been seen or heard of her.

The glove contest which was to have come off at Little Rock, Ark., last night between Denny Needham of Cincinnati, and Chas. McKoy of Memphis, was declared off. Gov. Clark sent a letter to the Sheriff and Mayor directing that the fight be prohibited. Fifteen hundred tickets, at least, had been sold up to to-night.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

Salesman wanted to sell the Rapid Dish Washer to the wholesale and retail trade. Washes and dries the dishes in two minutes without wetting the fingers. $75 a week and all expenses. Easy position; no hard work; can make $100 a week. Address W. F. Harrison & Co., Clerk No. 14, Columbus, Ohio. april 2 6t

Miss L. A. Willis, Principal Baltimore Cooking School, has compiled a new Pastry Cook Book, which is being distributed to the patrons of the well-known Rumford Bread Preparation. The reputation of the author renders the book of especial value. Mail one wrapper from a package of Horsford Bread Preparation to the Rumford Chemical Works, Providence, R. I A copy will be sent free. mar 29 2t fri

$200 Monthly guaranteed. Mfg concern wants a representative in Wilmington (or any city no Lakes). Must have few hundred dollars cash to pay for goods on delivery after orders are secured. F. E. Vail, Morse building, New York. 6t mch 27

A chance to make money.—I made $536.00 the last six weeks selling Dish Washers, and was sick part of the time. I don't see why others do not go into the Dish Washer Business. No canvassing. Sold all my Washers at home. Perfect satisfaction. Every one sold sells another. Every family wants one. I will make $6,000 this year easy. I can wash and dry our dishes in two minutes. Any one can make $5 to $10 a day. For circulars write to Iron City Dish Washer Co., 5 Highland avenue, E. E. Pittsburg, Pa. mch 19 2m

I am selling one fourth of a pound of Smoking Tobacco for 5 cents Sugar, Coffee, Snuff, Crackers and Cakes sold at lowest prices. Best quality Flour, Molasses and Syrup always on hand. Neill McKinnon, wholesale and retail Grocer and Commission Merchant, No. 8 South Water street. mr 17 tf

Portrait work.—Fine Photographs $1 per dozen. Get my prices on copying, enlarging and viewing before placing your order. Mail orders for copying and enlarging receive prompt attention. A trial order solicited. First-class work guaranteed. U. C. Ellis, 114 Market street, Wilmington, N. C. Extra fine photographs a specialty. c31

John S. McEachern, 211 Market street, Deals in Grain, Hay and all kinds of Mixed Feed. Leave Orders, or call us through Telephone 38. c31

Portner's Beer for purity, Portner's Beer in quality, Portner's Beer for everybody, That's the tune they all sing—Portner's Beer for everybody. c31

Palmetto Brewing Co., of Charleston, S. C. Export, Rice and Lager Beer, Branch office No. 402 Nutt street; deliveries promptly made anywhere in city. F. Richter, Manager. c31

Spirittine Chemical Co., I. Hansen manager. Wood distillers and refiners; Mfrs of Spirittine Oil for wood and iron preservation; Spirittine Paint, Tar Oil, distilled Tar and the 3 Spirittine remedies. c31

Hayden, F. H., has in stock buggies, road carts and harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skilful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House c31

Seasonable Goods.

In store, and arriving daily, a choice selection of seasonable goods. We have on hand

RAISINS of every variety, from 8c to 25c per pound.

CITRON, from 15c to 25c per lb.

CURRENTS, all prices, all grades.

NUTS, all prices, all grades.

We would like to call special attention to our assortment of the above goods.

CHEESE—Switzer, Roquefort, Neufchetel, Framage de Bric, Edam, Pineapple, English Dairy and American Cream. All fresh and of finest quality.

Plum Pudding and Mince Meat.

Cakes and Crakers. A beautiful variety of all kinds, too great an assortment to specify. Will have to be seen to be appreciated.

The above are only a few of our specialties. Our assortment is complete and we invite all to call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.

With four wagons we can deliver promptly.

THE JOHN L. BOATWRIGHT CO

WILMINGTON, N. C.

Telephone No. 14. dec 9 tf

KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and $1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

GRAND Spring OPENING —AT— TAYLOR'S BAZAAR,

THURSDAY, April 4th,

FRIDAY, April 5th,

When we will display some of the Latest Importations in

MILLINERY —AND— FANCY GOODS.

Mrs. TAYLOR has secured a first class New York Milliner, Miss La Moine Gookins, who will be pleased to wait on the Ladies.

On our Opening Day we will inaugurate

Our Special Sales,

changing to different departments daily.

It will pay the Ladies to call at our Store daily to see what is on sale, as it will be impossible to state prices in paper daily.

Ladies' Senate Sailors, high crown, regular price 48c, on April 4th 9 cts each.

Ladies' Loop Braid Sailors, rolling rims, all colors, regular price 63 cts, on April 9th 33 cents.

Ladies' High Crown Soilors, latest style, trimmed, regular price 83 cts, on April 4th 48 cts, and lots of other things too numerous to mention.

Remember these prices are only for the day of sale.

All are cordially invited to attend.

TAYLOR'S BAZAAR,

118 Market Street.

mar 31 tf

M. CRONLY, Auctioneer,

By CRONLY & MORRIS.

Very Desirable Property for Sale BY AUCTION.

ON MONDAY, THE 15TH DAY OF APRIL next, at 12 M., we will sell at public auction, at the Court House door in the City of Wilmington, all of that lot of Land situate, lying and being in said city: Beginning at the intersection of the northern line of Princess street with the western line of Front street, and running thence with Princess street westwardly 68 feet 6 inches, thence northwardly 90 feet, thence eastwardly 68 feet 5 inches to Front street, thence southwardly 90 feet to the beginning, being the eastern part of Lot 5, in Block 177, upon which the Bank of New Hanover building stand s.

The terms are $10,000 cash, balance three, six, nine and twelve months with interest at 6 per cent. secured by mortgage on property. Building insured and policies transferred. Purchaser to have option of paying all cash. Sale subject to confirmation by the Superior Court.

JUNIUS DAVIS, Receiver.

Wilmington, N. C., March 21, 1895.

mar 21 tds

Flour.

400 barrels FLOUR.
800 bags FLOUR.
700 bundles HOOP IRON.
20 barrels GLUE.
10 barrels BUNGS.
25 bags COFFEE.
100 ½ barrels Mullets.
Prices on application.

W. B. COOPER.

Wholesale Grocer and Commission Merchant, 226 North Water Street, Wilmington, N. C.

march 30 tf D&W

Frank H Stedman; Jas. S. Worth.

Stedman & Worth.

INSURANCE.

Fire and Life.

Office at Banking House of the Wilmington Savings and Trust Company jan 25 tf

S. H. Fishblate,

King Clothier.

OUR MERCHANT TAILORING SPRING GOODS ARE IN STORE.

Suits to Order, $17.50 Up

Fit and Finish Guaranteed,

Any article you purchase from us if you are not satisfied come back and get your money.

FULL LINE SPRING HATS.

Can save you money. Try us.

S. H. FISHBLATE,

King Clothier.

mar 1 tf

A Jiffy!

Ice-cold soda water served in a jiffy.
Sherbets prepared " "
Milk Shakes made " "
Magic Iron-Tone dispensed " "
Coca-Cola cures headache " "
Kala Cordial braces you " "

Summer is upon us and taking time by the forelock, we've pulled the throttle wide open and our Soda Fountain is going at full speed.

SHERBETS.

Flaked Orange.
Cherry (whole fruit)
Pineapple (Shredded)
Strawberry (whole fruit)
Raspberry (" ")

SODA WATER.

Messina Orange Phosphate and all other popular flavors.

Mineral Waters (on draught)—Vichy, Harriss' Lithia, Fontecello.

HAVE YOU A TICKET?

24 for $1.00.

Bunting's Pharmacy,

Y. M. C. A. Building,

mar 30 tf Wilmington, N. C.

We keep these celebrated Shoes.

Regular wear-resisters.

Low prices and good goods at

Geo. R. French & Sons

108 North Front St.,

mar 31 tf WILMINGTON, N. C.

The Clyde Steamship Co.

New York, Wilmington, N. C. AND Georgetown, S. C., Lines.

New York for Wilmington.

ONEIDA, Saturday, March 30
CROATAN, Saturday, April 6

Wilmington for New York.

CROATAN Saturday, March 30
ONEIDA, Saturday, April 6

Wilmington for Georgetown, S. C.

CROATAN, Tuesday, March 26
ONEIDA, Tuesday, April 2

Through Bills Lading and Lowest Through Rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.

For freight or passage apply to

H. G. SMALLBONES, Supt. Wilmington, N. C.
GEO. G. EGER, T. M., Bowling Green, N. Y.
WM. P. CLYDE & CO., General Agents, Bowling Green, N. Y. mar 24 tf

CLOSING OUT

The Entire Stock of

$20,000

Worth of

SHOES

To be Sold

At Cost.

All Goods Marked In Plain Figures.

The Entire Stock Must be Sold In 30 Days.

Men's Hand-sewed French Calf and vici Kid Shoes, Lace or Congress, Former Price $5.00, Cost $3.60

Men's hand-sewed French Calf Shoes, Lace or Congress, all styles toes, former price $4.00, cost $2.75.

Men's Hand-sewed French Calf Shoes, Lace or Congress, all styles toes, former price $3.00, cost $2.25.

Men's Fine Calf Shoes, former price $2.50, cost $1.75.

Men's fine Satin Calf Shoes, former price $2.00, cost $1.50.

Men's $1.50 Shoes, cost $1.10.

Men's $1.25 Shoes, cost 93c.

Ladies' Hand-Sewed Dongola Button Shoes, common sense Opera Toe and Patent Tip, former price $3, cost $2.20.

Ladies' Fine Dongola Button Shoe, common sense Opera Toe and Patent Tip, former price $2.50, cost $1.87

Ladies' Fine Dongola Button Shoe, common sense Opera Toe and Patent Tip, former price $2.00, cost $1.37.

Ladies' Fine Dongola Button Shoe, common sense Opera Toe and patent Tip, former price $1.50, cost $1.15.

Ladies' Fine Dongola Button Shoe, common sense Opera Toe and patent Tip, former price $1.25, cost 88c.

Misses' Dongola Patent Tip Spring Heel Button Shoes, former price $1.75, cost $1.25.

Misses' Dongola Patent Tip Spring Heel Button Shoes, former price $1.50, cost $1.10.

Misses' Dongola Patent Tip spring Heel Button Shoes, former price $1.25, cost 88c.

Misses' Patent Tip Spring Heel Button Shoes, former price $1.00, cost 65c.

Child's Dongola Spring Heel Button Shoes, Patent Tip, former price $1.25, cost 83c.

Child's Dongola Spring Heel Patent Tip Button Shoes, former price $1, cost 75c.

Child's Dongola Patent Tip spring Heel Button Shoes, former price 75c, cost 55c.

Child's Grain Spring Heel School Shoes, former price 75c, cost 55c.

Infant Shoes, former price 75c, cost 66c.

Infant Shoes, former price 50c, cost 35c.

Boys' Calf Shoes, Lace, former price $1.75, cost 1.37.

Boys' Calf Shoes, Lace, former price $1.50, cost 1.15.

Boys' Shoes, Lace, former price $1.25, cost one dollar.

Boys' Shoes, Lace, former price $1, cost 88c.

Ladies' Slippers at Cost.

Men's Low Shoes at Cost.

Now is your chance to secure a Bargain in Shoes. All Goods marked in plain figures. Any person wishing to purchase the entire Stock, fixtures and good will can do so by calling at the store.

A. Shrier,

108 Market Street.

arch 1 tf

Bicycles. 1895.

If you ride, why not ride the best? We have them. The Victors, the Stearnes, the Crescents, for Ladies and Gentlemen.

These are the best Bicycles. For further information and catalogues, please call at

HEINSBERGER'S

Live Book and Music Store.

mar 10 tf

This is To Certify That C. E. GORDON

Has been appointed Agent for the well-known firm

BROWNING, KING & CO. Clothing Manufacturers.

The public are invited To call and see Samples of

Spring & Summer Suitings.

Suits to order.
Pants to order.
We guarantee a fit.
Respectfully,

C. E. Gordon's,

N. E. Cor. Market and Front sts.

Mail orders promptly filled.

mar 24 tf

SPECIAL SALE WEEK —AT— J. H. REHDER & CO.

617 and 619 N. Fourth St.

Here are some of the special prices.

DRY GOODS DEPARTMENT.

8c Bleaching, 4-4, no Dressing	5c per yard
Bleaching, 4-4, better than fruit of Loom	6½c
"Pride of the West" best bleaching made	10c
8c unbleaching this week	5c
9c " " "	5c
Fruit of Loom Bleaching	5½c
Best Feather Ticking, 25c grade	18½c
10c Mattress Ticking	7c
18 Bleached Sheeting	17½c
Turkey Red table cloth	18c
Plain and Fancy silks—think of it!	21c
50c All Wool Cashmere, 36 inches	39c
Latest Novelties in Sateens	6½c
Calicoes, fast colors	4c
Changeable Silks, worth 65c.	39c

NOTIONS AND FANCY GOODS.

Full size Gingham Aprons	10c
" " White "	12½c
Best Table Oil Cloth	15c
7c sheets paper and 7c envelopes	5c
50c Corsets	39c
Drapery Hooks, per dozen	3c
Whalebone	2c
25c Ladies' Sailor Hats	10c
Zephyr, all colors, per ounce	5c
All Silk Umbrellas	98c
Thin Water Tumblers, worth 10c, this week	3c

GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS.

Men's Seamless fast Black half hose	10c
25c Celluloid collars	12½c
Linen finished Handkerchiefs	7c
40 gauge black half hose, 35c grade	16⅔c
Colored Balbriggan Underwear, per suit	75c
Bleached drill drawers	13c
Men's Laundered Negligee shirts	39c
$1 grade—two separate collars	75c

HATS AND CAPS.

A splendid crush hat	25c
$1 silk lined fur crush	48c
Men's $1.50 Fur stiff hat	98c
Blue Yacht caps—this week	18c

Prettiest Line of Straw Goods.

SHOES AND SLIPPERS.

Ladies' 75c pat leather tip Oxford	45c
" $1.50 " Bow Sandles	98c
" 75c Storm Rubber	45c
Men's 82 all around shoes	$2
Men's and Boys' $1.50 shoes	$1 15
Ladies' $1 50 & 1d Button—this week	$1 17
Men's light weight rubber boots, worth $4	$2.45

Special prices in children's Shoes and Slippers.

CLOTHING DEPARTMENT.

Children's suits, 5 to 14 years	73c
Latest style Boy's Suits	$1.35
All wool suits worth $2 50	1.75
9-4 grade boy's suits	2.98
Men's all wool $3.50 pants	$2 50
Young Men's all wool suits, 16 to 19 years	$3 50
Men's $10 Business suits	6.25
Men's all wool black Cheviot suits	4 50
All wool $17.50 Clay Worsted suits	9.89

All new and latest styles.

CARPET, MATTING & TRUNKS.

Curtain poles complete	18c
25c Sanaleen Matting—this week	15c
15c " " "	10c
37c and 47c Wool ingrain carpet	39c
30c Fringed Window shades	29c
Floor oil cloth	25c
Patent wall trunks, worth 6.50, only	4 65

Remember these prices are for ONE WEEK ONLY. Terms strictly Cash Store open until 9 p. m. Car fare paid on all purchases over $3. Goods delivered promptly. Yours for Bargains,

J. H. REHDER & CO.

We guarantee Everything as Advertised. Phone 113. mar 31 tf

Commissioner's Sale.

BY Virtue and in pursuance of a decree of the Superior Court of New Hanover County made in an action therein pending wherein Junius Davis, Receiver of the Bank of New Hanover, is plaintiff, and John Haar, Jr., and others are defendants, the undersigned Commissioner will sell by public auction, for cash, on Tuesday, 2nd of April, 1895, at 12 o'clock M., at the Court House door, in the City of Wilmington, the following lot or parcel of land situate in the said City of Wilmington, and bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning in the western line of Front street, at its intersection with the southern line of Henderson's alley, and running thence with the western line of Front street twenty-five feet to the northern line of a lot owned (if formerly owned) by H. Brunhild and brothers; thence along the said line northwardly eighty-nine feet six inches, the nce with and is a line parallel with the said line of Front street to the southern line of Henderson's alley, thence with the said southern line east to the beginning on Front street.

JOHN D. TAYLOR, Commissioner.

mar 5 12 19 26 April 2

Commissioner's Sale.

BY Virtue and in pursuance of a decree of the Superior Court of New Hanover County, made in an action therein pending wherein Junius Davis Receiver of the Bank of New Hanover, is plaintiff, and Peter Mohr and his wife Johanna Mohr and others are defendants, the undersigned, Commissio